



**International Workshop on Acceleration and Applications of Heavy Ions**

**Acceleration of heavy ions and beam transport**

**Olga Steczkiewicz**

Warsaw, 08.07.2013



**Accelerator – a device that uses electromagnetic fields to propel charged particles**

**Major types of accelerators:**

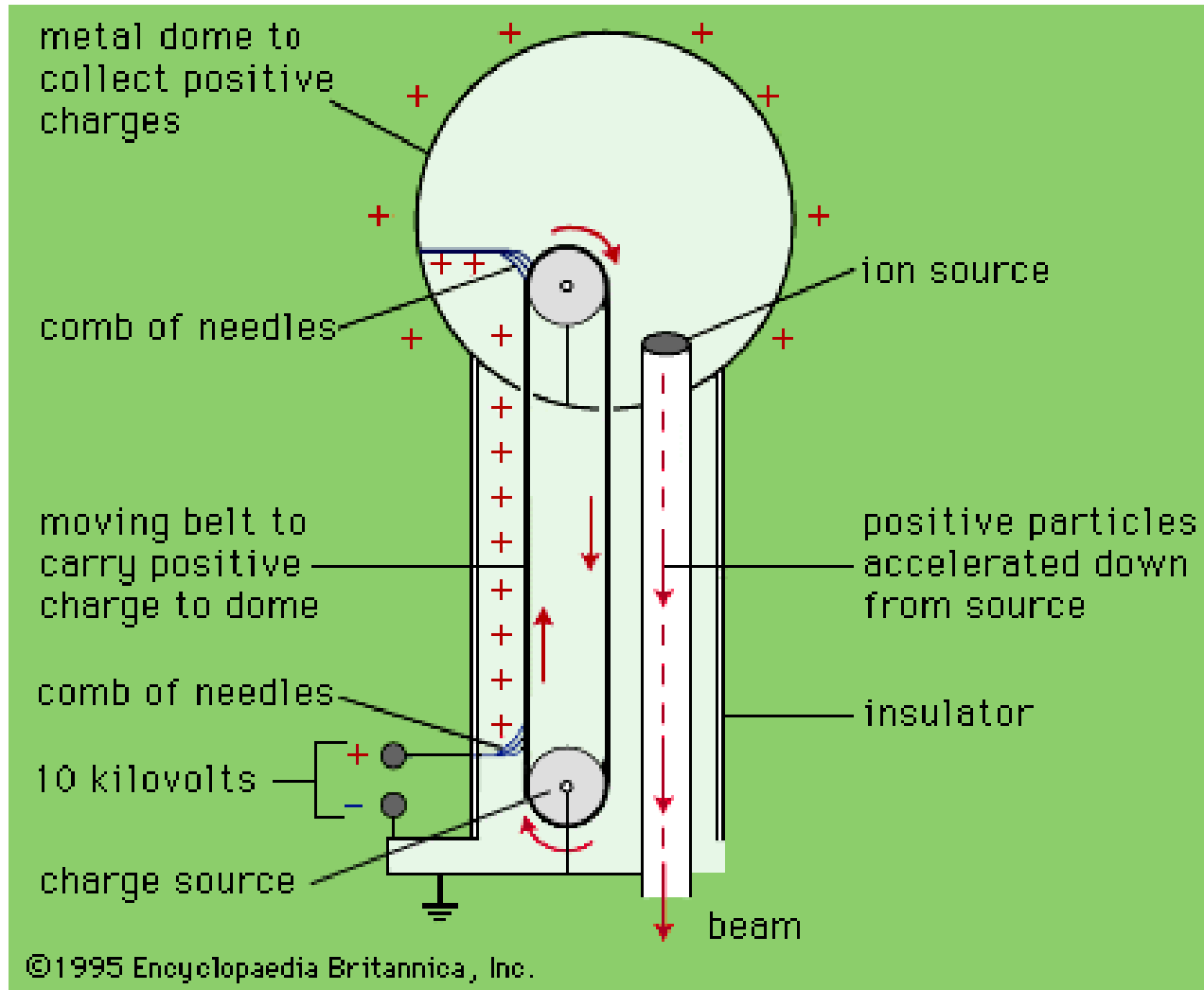
**a) linear:**

- van de Graaff accelerator : Lech (IBJ, Warsaw, Poland)
- Linac (CERN, Geneva, Switzerland)

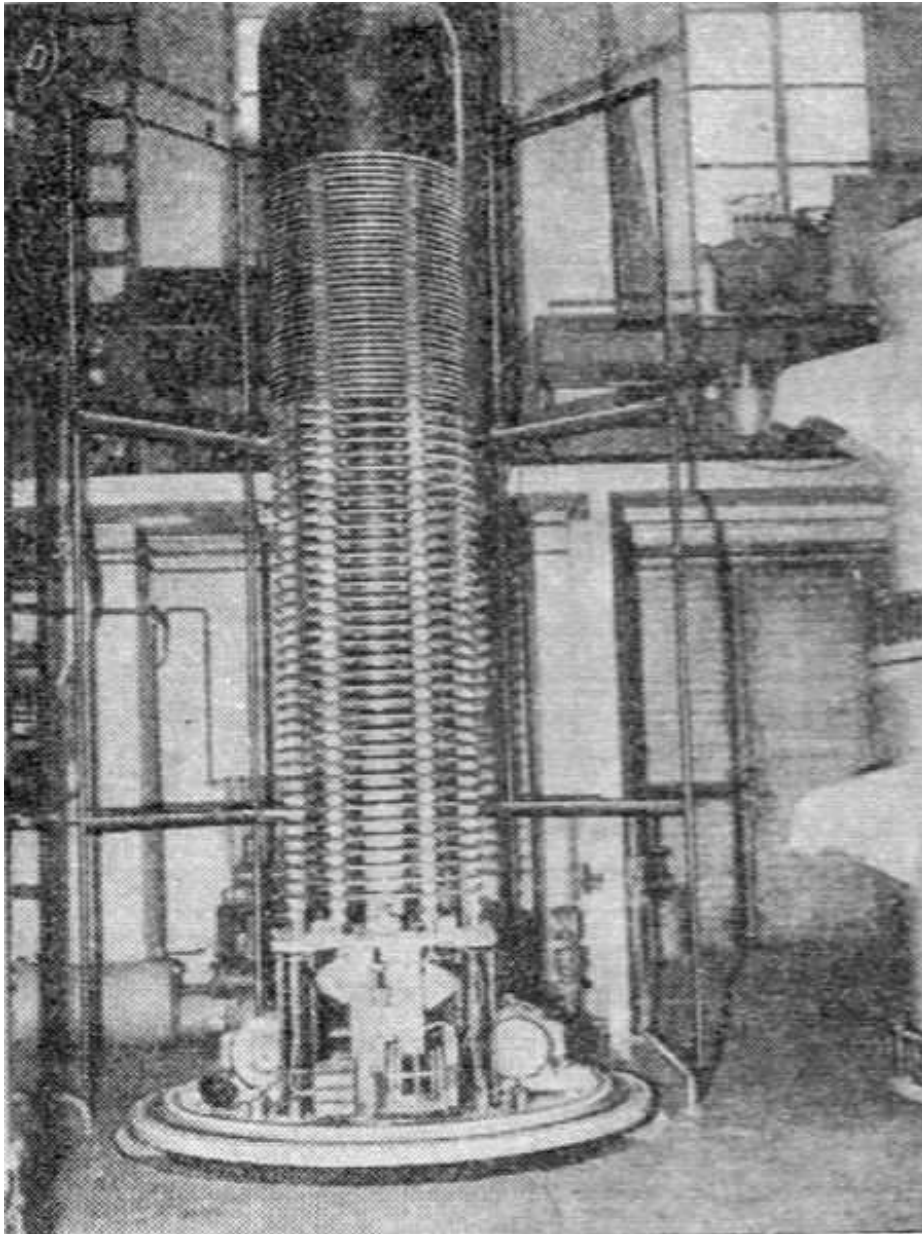
**a) circular:**

- cyclotron: U200-P (HIL, Warsaw, Poland), K130 (JYFL, Jyväskylä, Finland), K800 (INFN LNS, Catania, Italy), U400 and U400M (JINR, Dubna, Russia)
- synchrotron: LHC (CERN, Geneva, Switzerland)

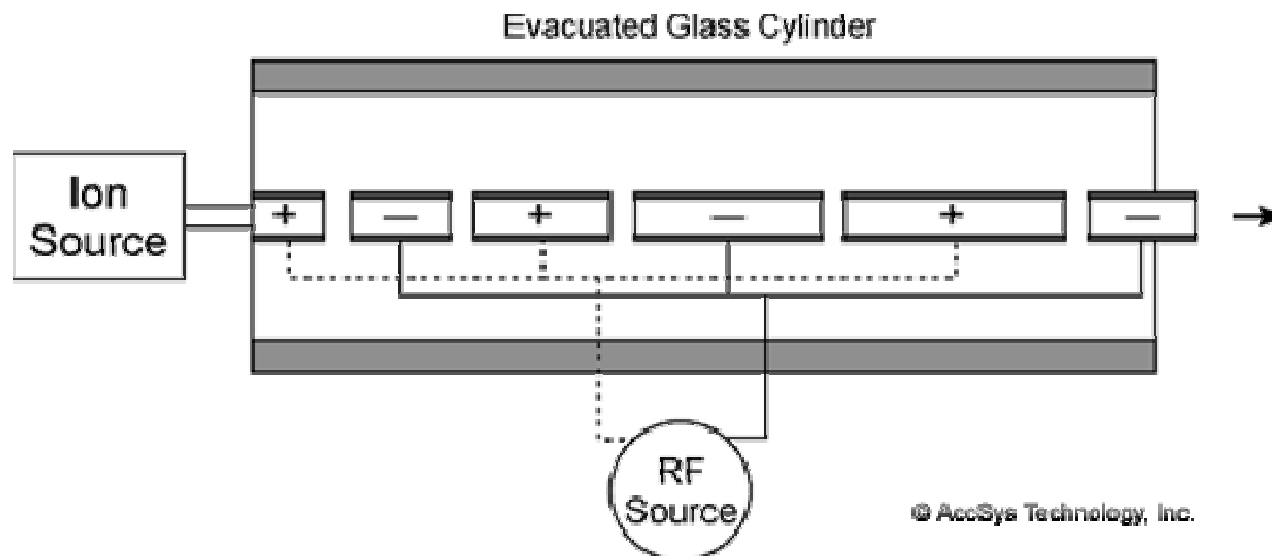
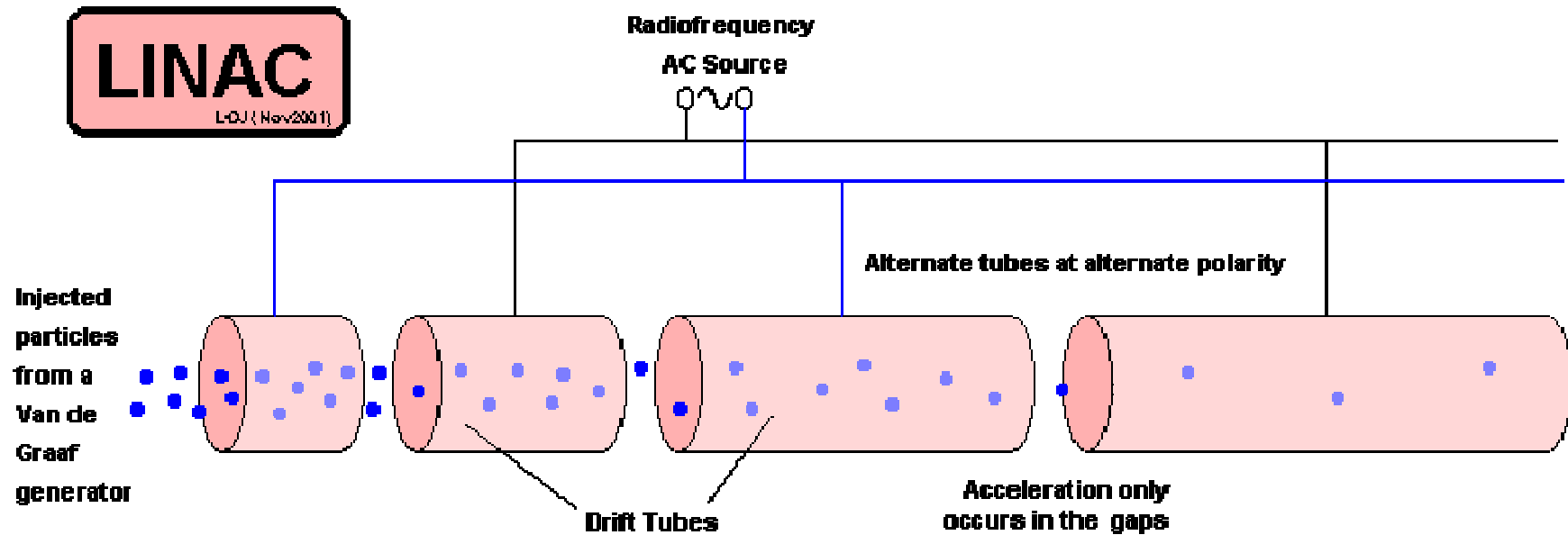
# Electrostatic accelerator (van de Graaff)



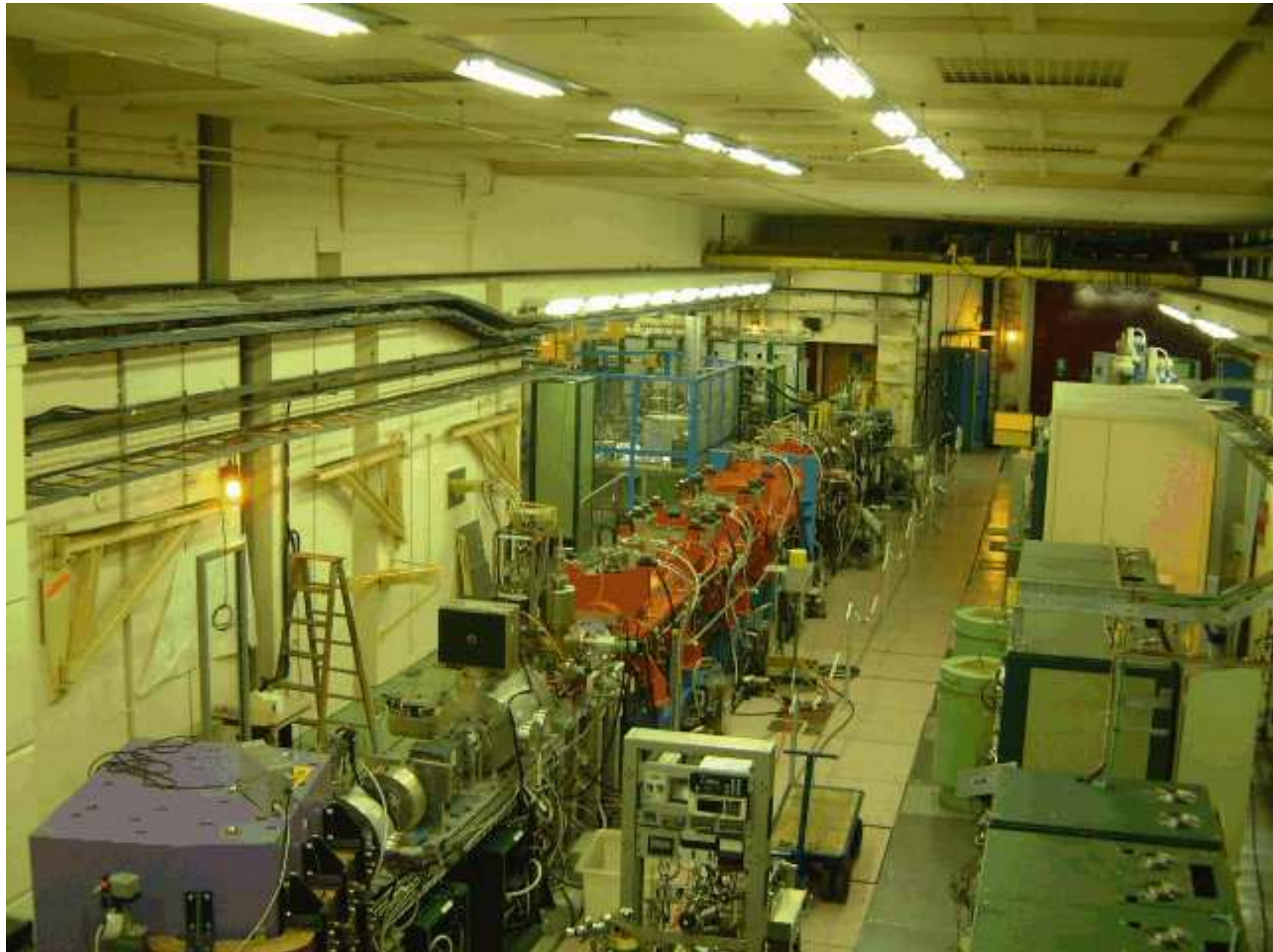
# Electrostatic accelerator (van de Graaff)



# LINAC



# LINAC



# CYCLOTRON

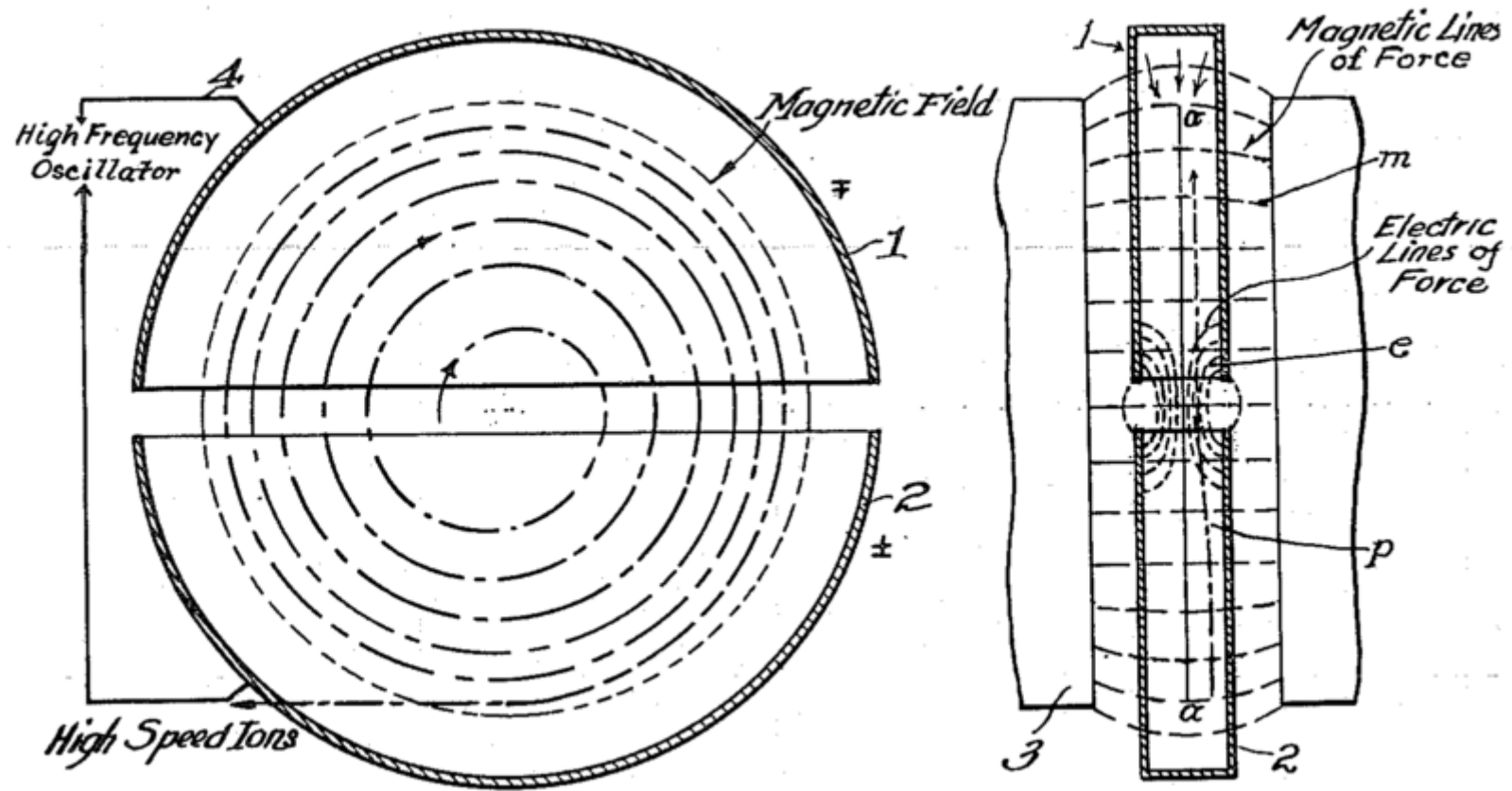
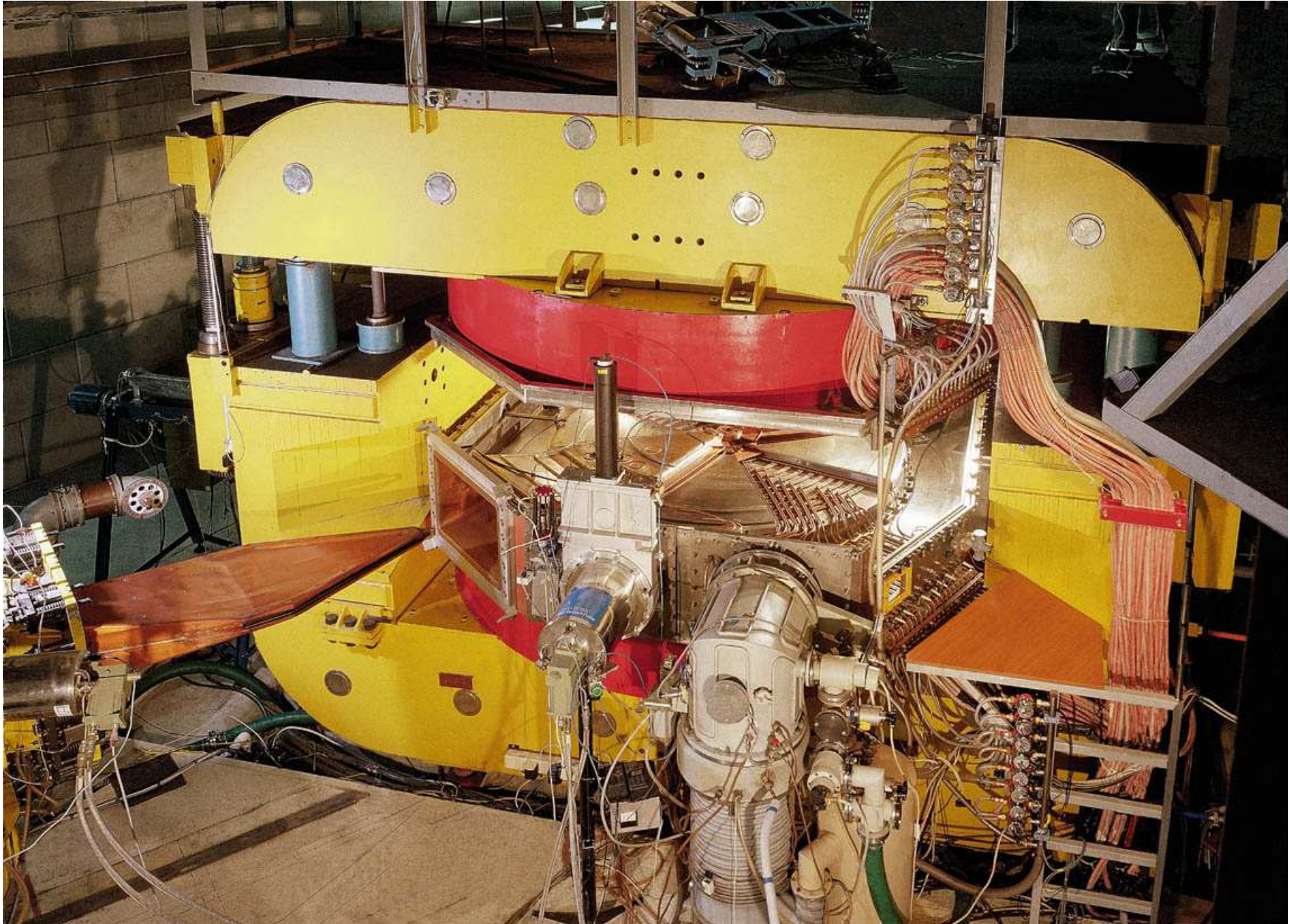


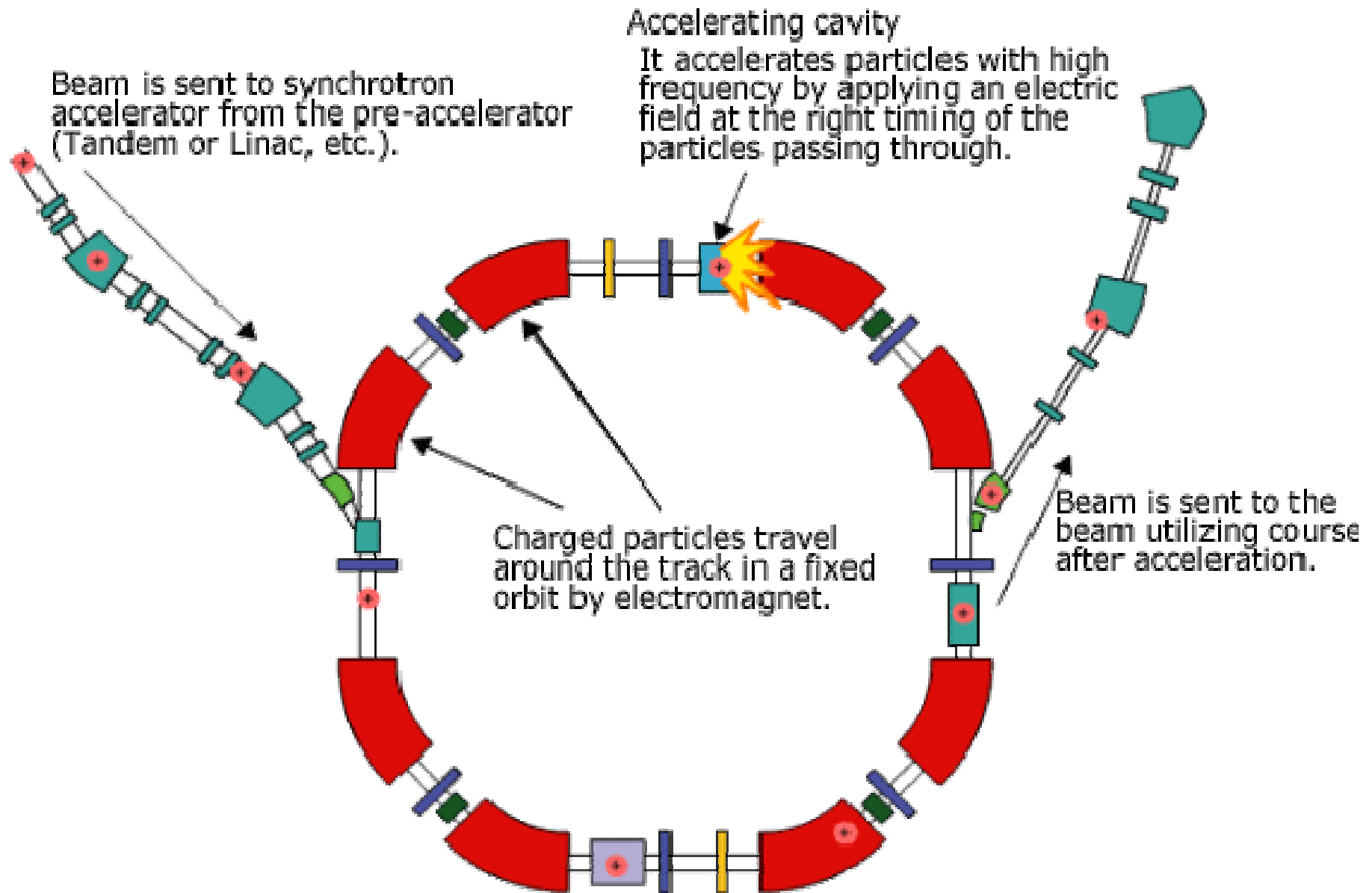
Diagram of cyclotron operation from Lawrence's 1934 patent  
(Ernest Lawrence, 1931)

# CYCLOTRON

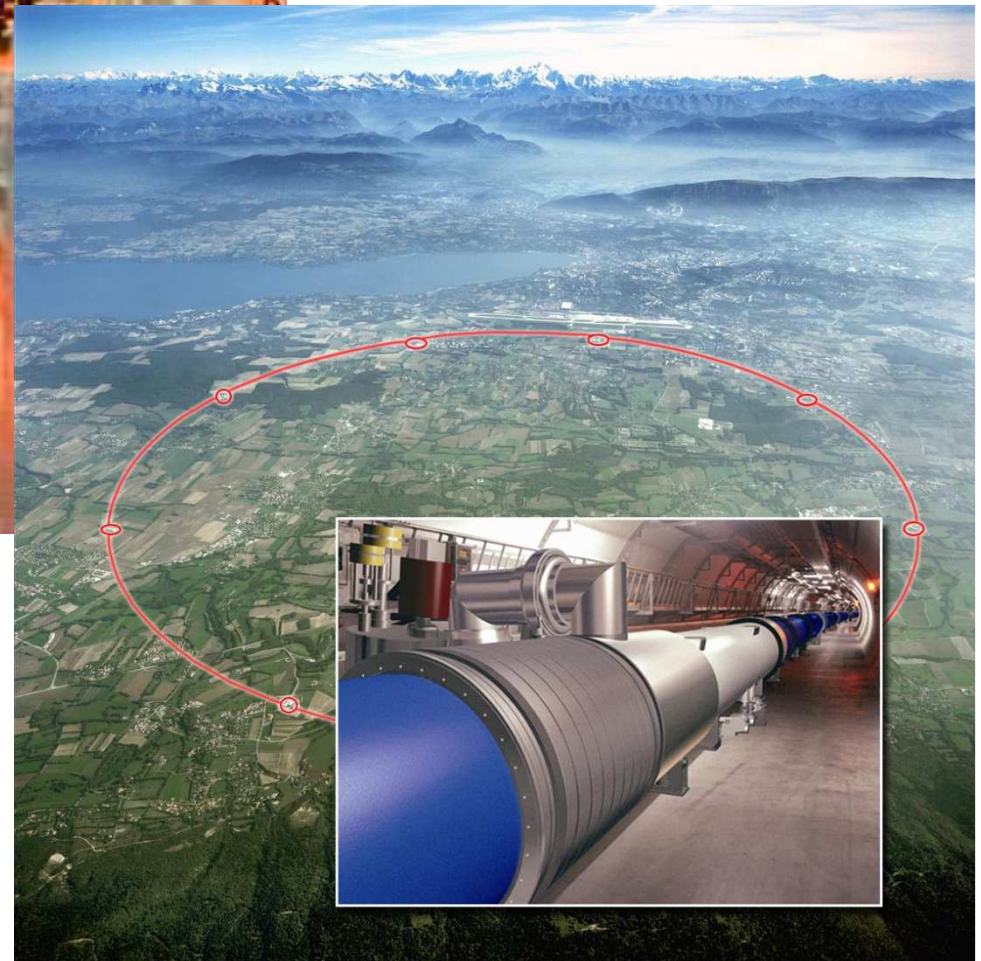




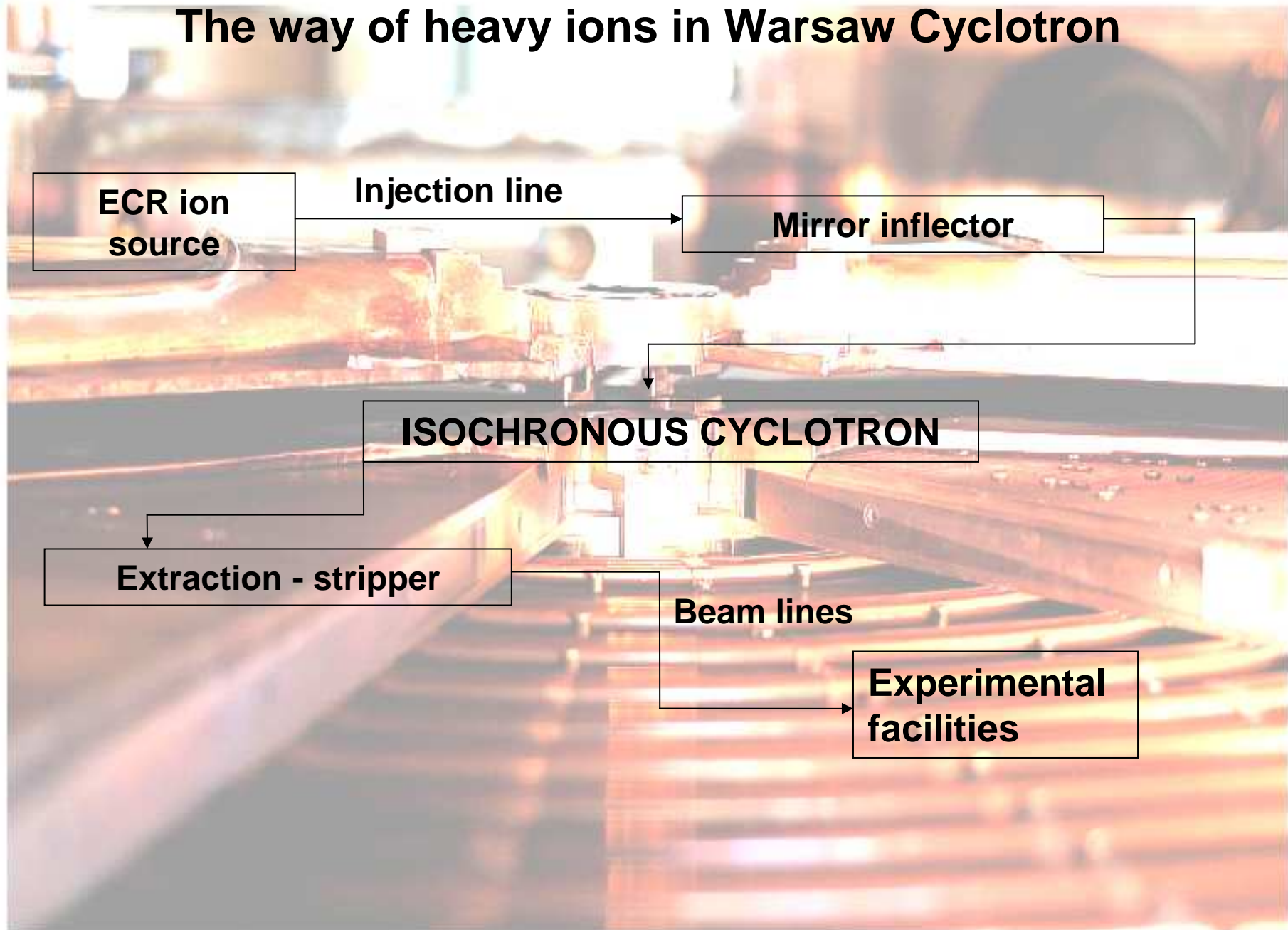
# SYNCHROTRON



# SYNCHROTRON



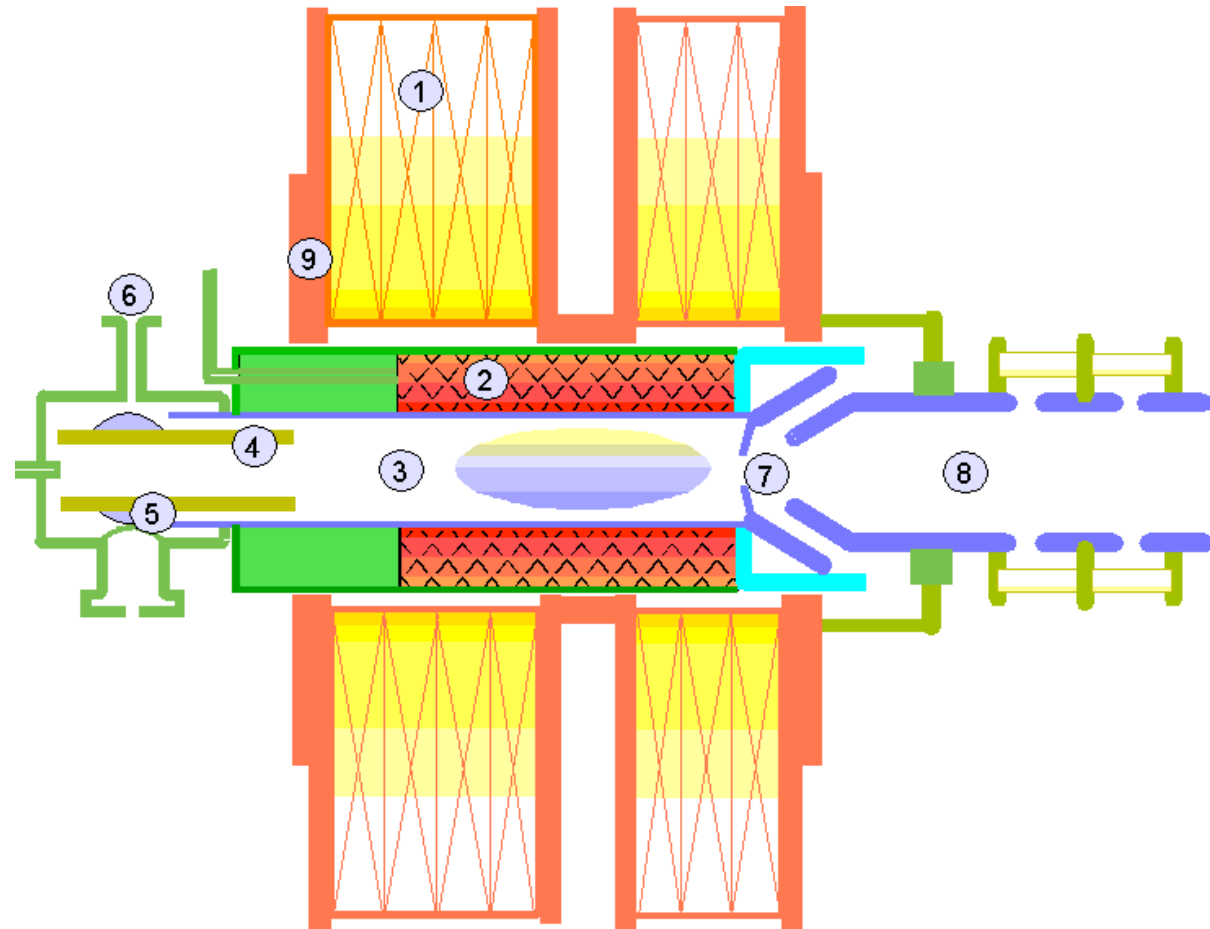
# The way of heavy ions in Warsaw Cyclotron



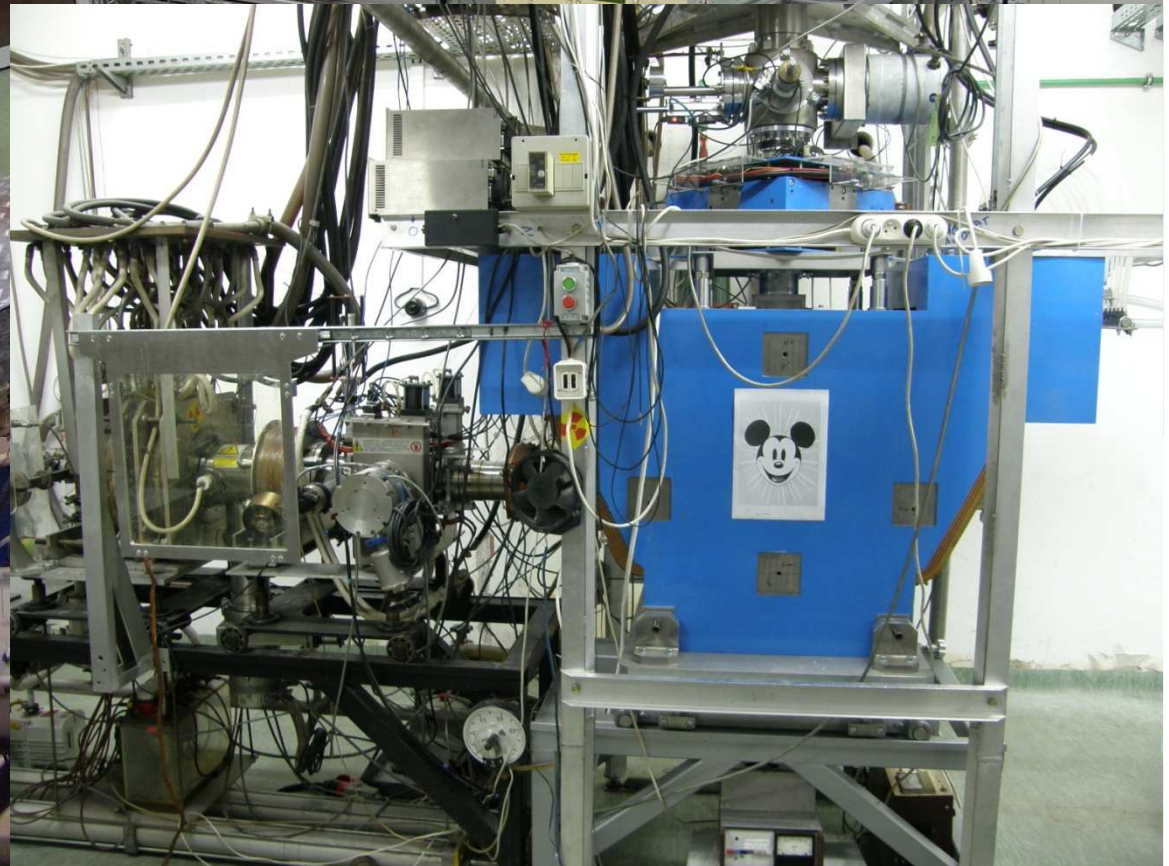
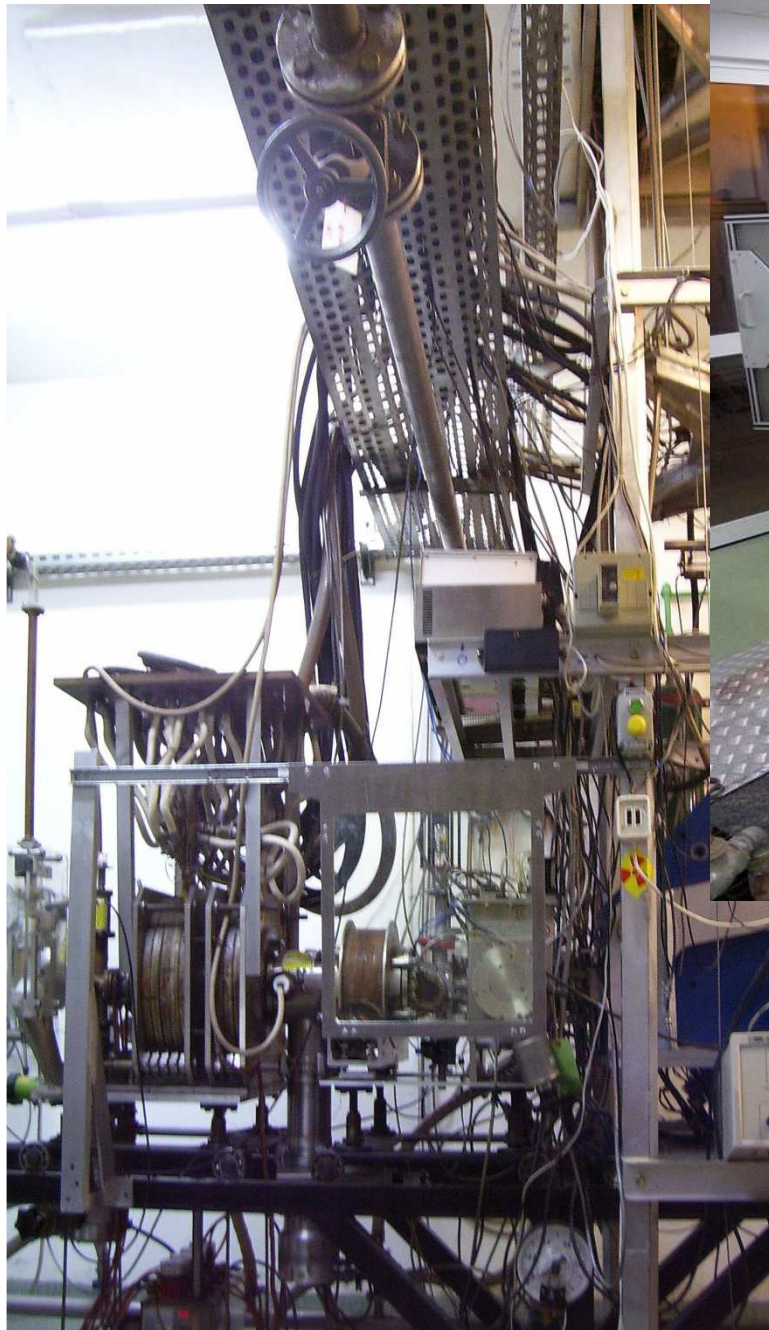
# ECR ion source

(Electron Cyclotron Resonance )

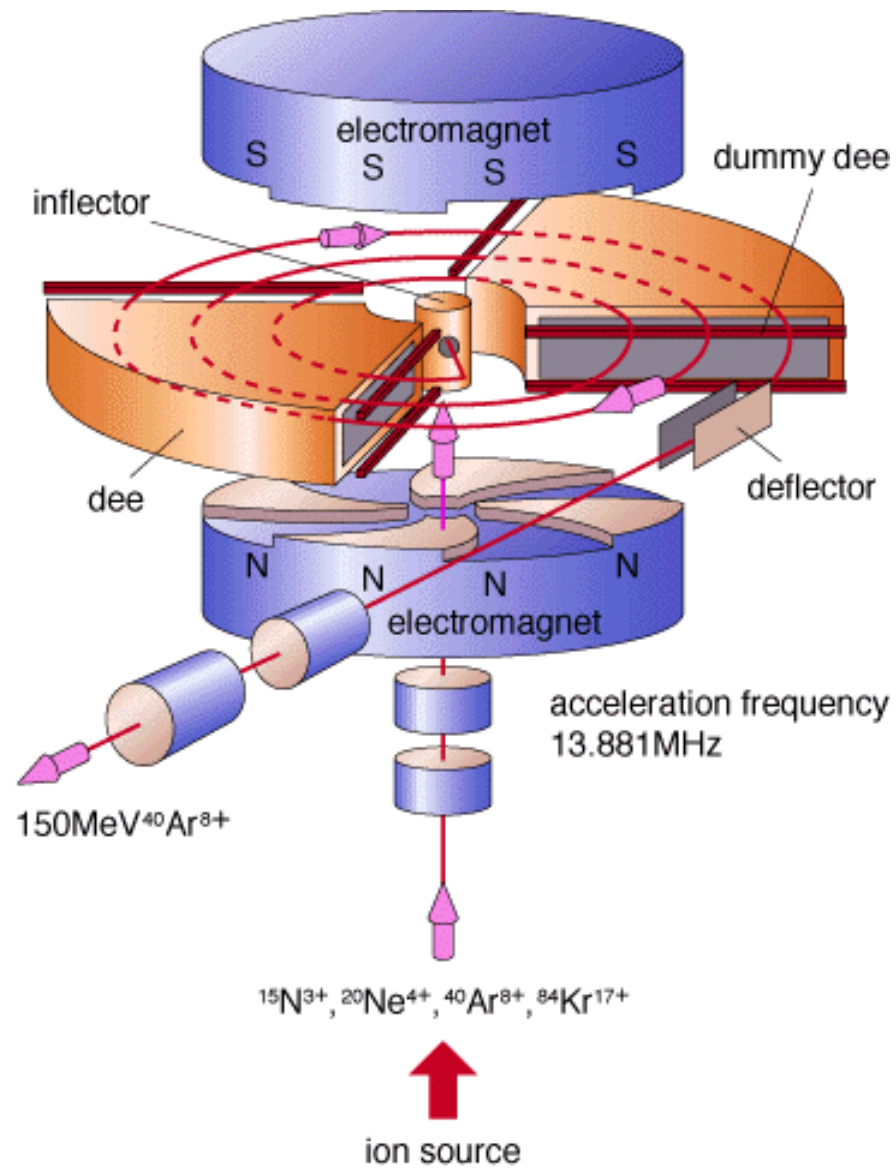
- 1. coils
- 2. hexapol
- 3. plasma chamber
- 4. coaxial line
- 5. tuner
- 6. RF injection
- 7. exit hole
- 8. Einzel lens
- 9. yoke



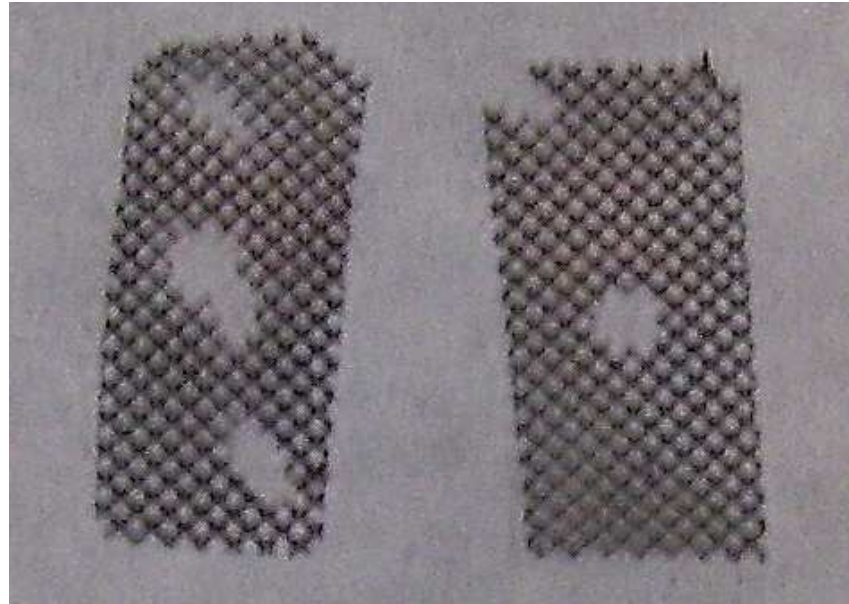
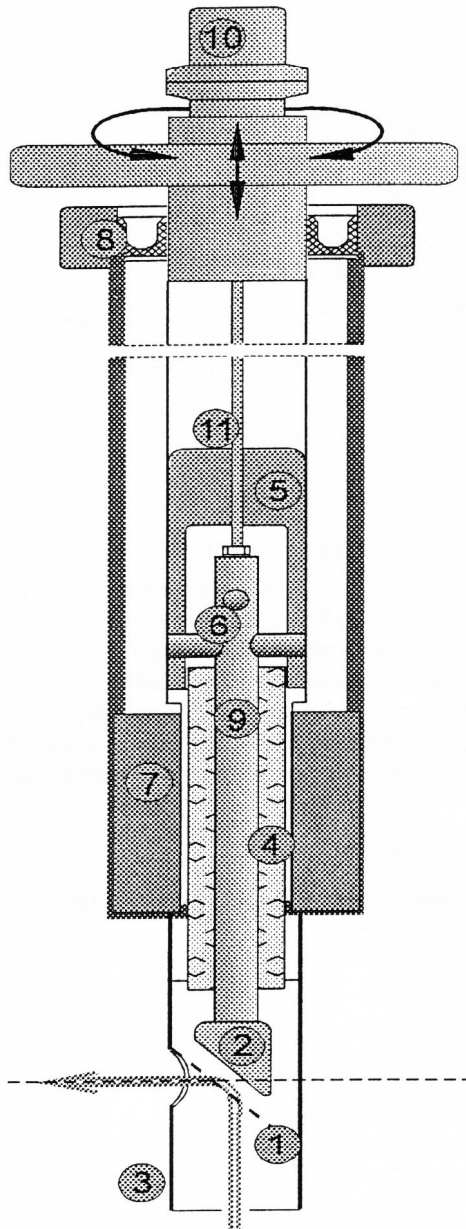
# Our ion sources and injection line



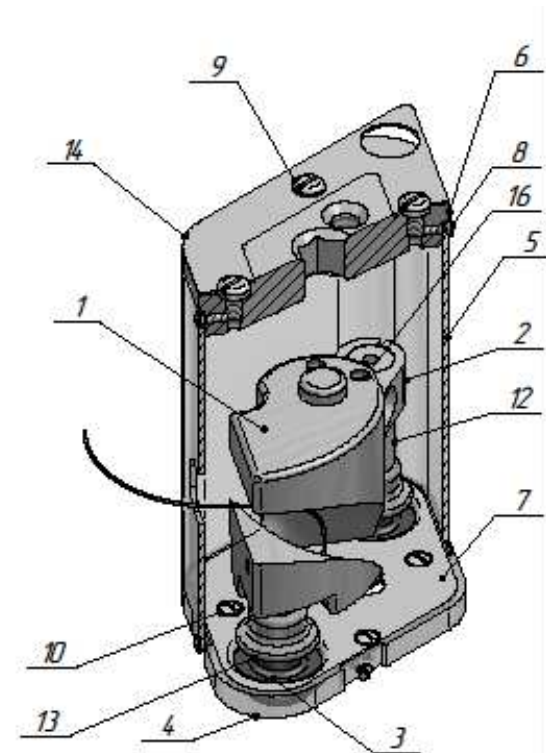
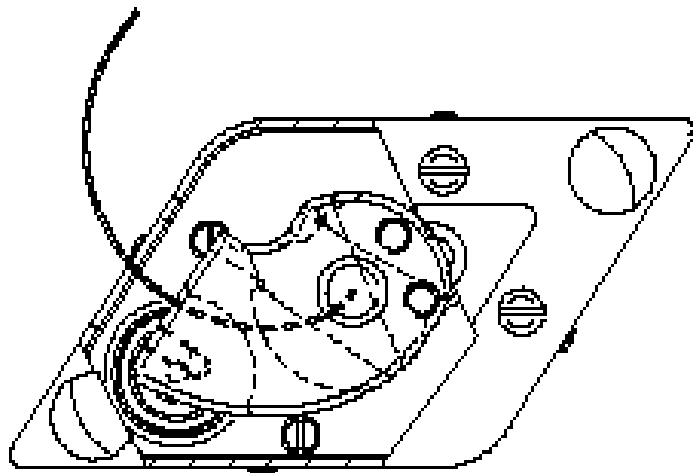
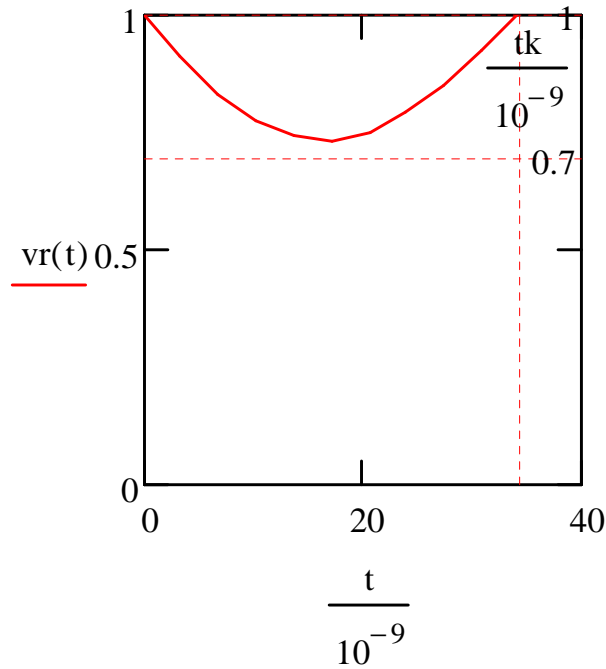
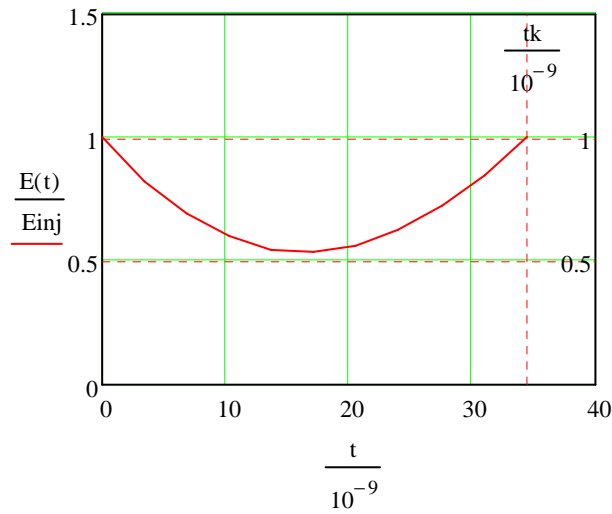
# Mirror inflector



# Mirror inflector



# Spiral inflector



				2990.02.00.00 Ошибка: Нет ссылки		
Изм.	Изм.	№ докум.	Дата	Изм.	Исполн.	Проверен
					0	2-1
				Инфлектор		
				Ошибка: Нет ссылки		
				Изм.	Исполн.	Проверен



# Isochronous cyclotron

$$\frac{m \cdot v^2}{\rho} = q \cdot v \cdot B$$

$$B \cdot \rho = \frac{m \cdot v}{q} = \frac{p}{q}$$

$$\omega_c = \frac{q}{m} \cdot B$$

$$\omega_{RF} = h \cdot \omega_c$$

$$m_r = m_0 \gamma = \frac{m_0}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2}}$$

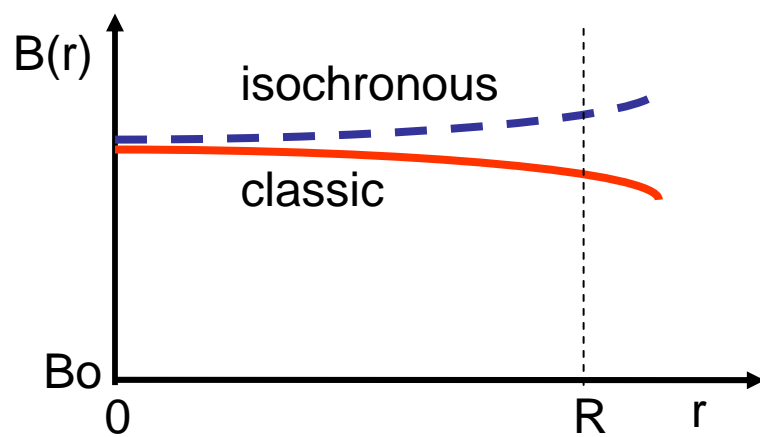
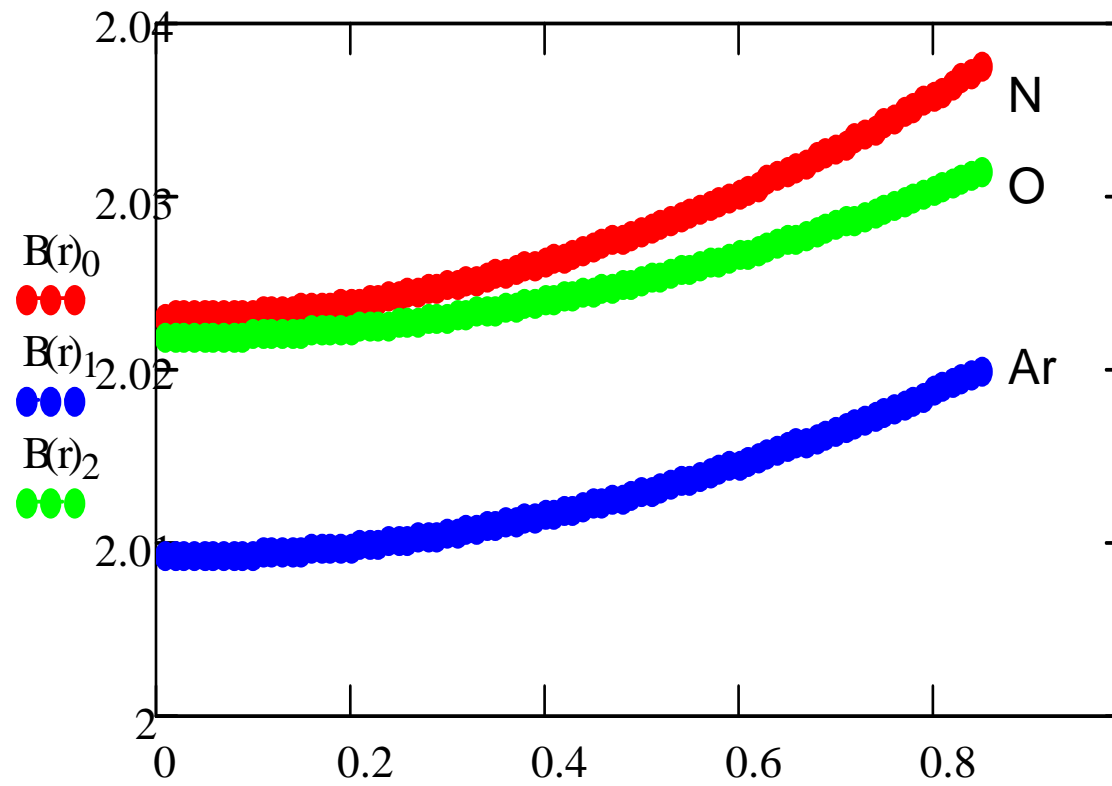
$$\gamma(r) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{v(r)}{c}\right)^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{r \cdot \omega_c}{c}\right)^2}}$$

$$\omega_c = \frac{Bq}{m}$$

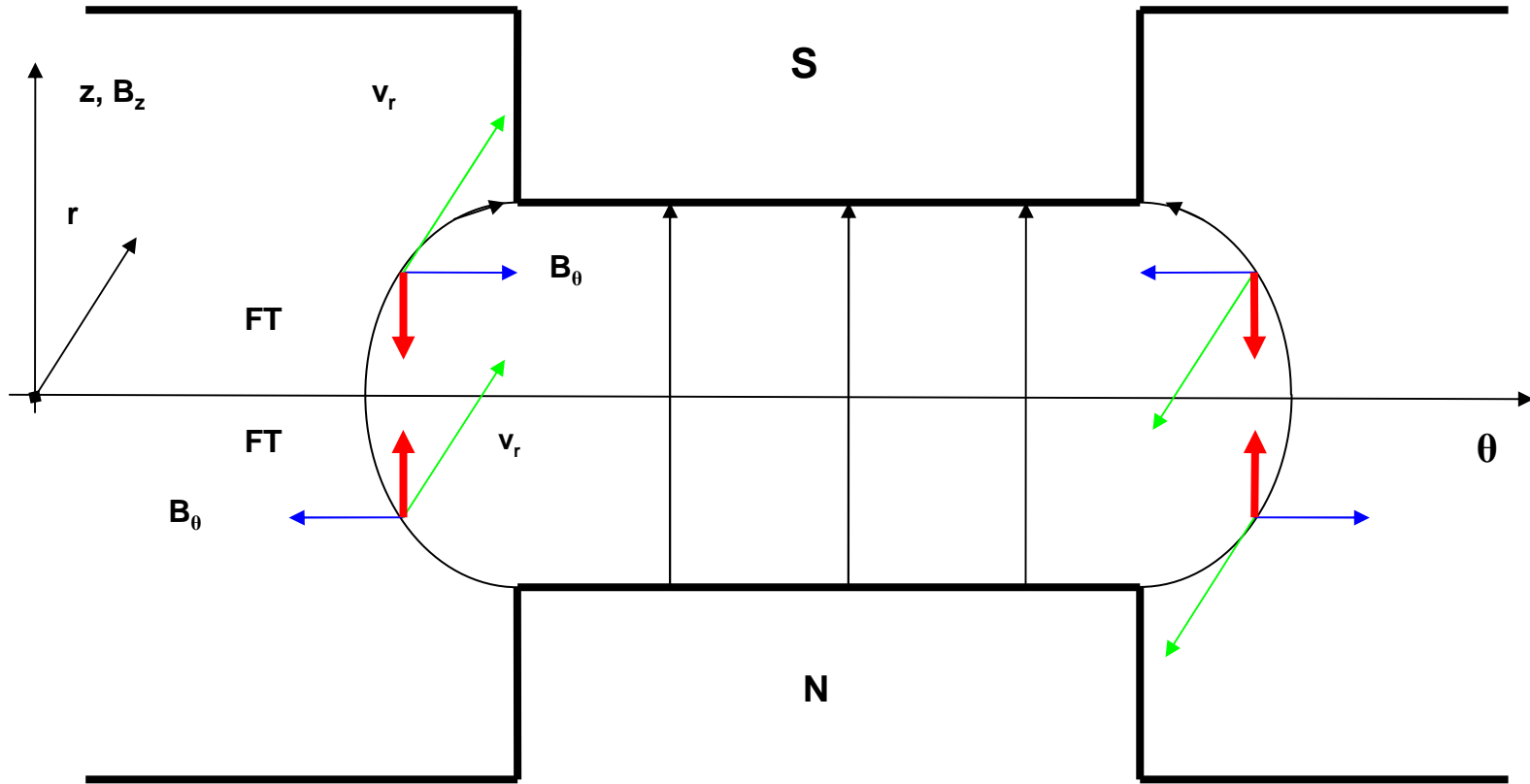
$$B(r) = \gamma(r) \cdot B_0$$

$$B(r) = \frac{B_0}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{v(r)}{c}\right)^2}} = \frac{B_0}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{r \cdot \omega_c}{c}\right)^2}}$$

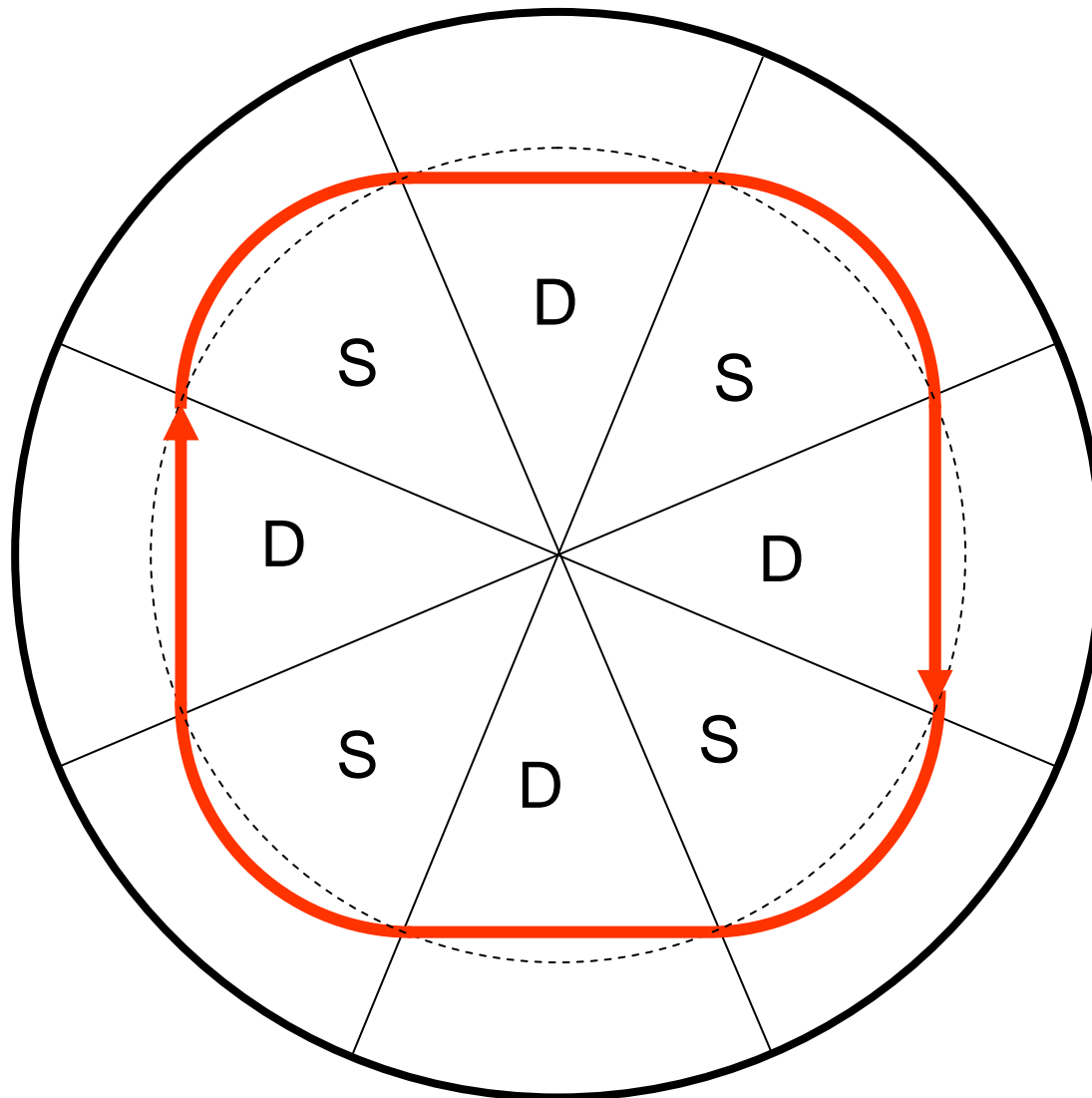
# Isochronous cyclotron



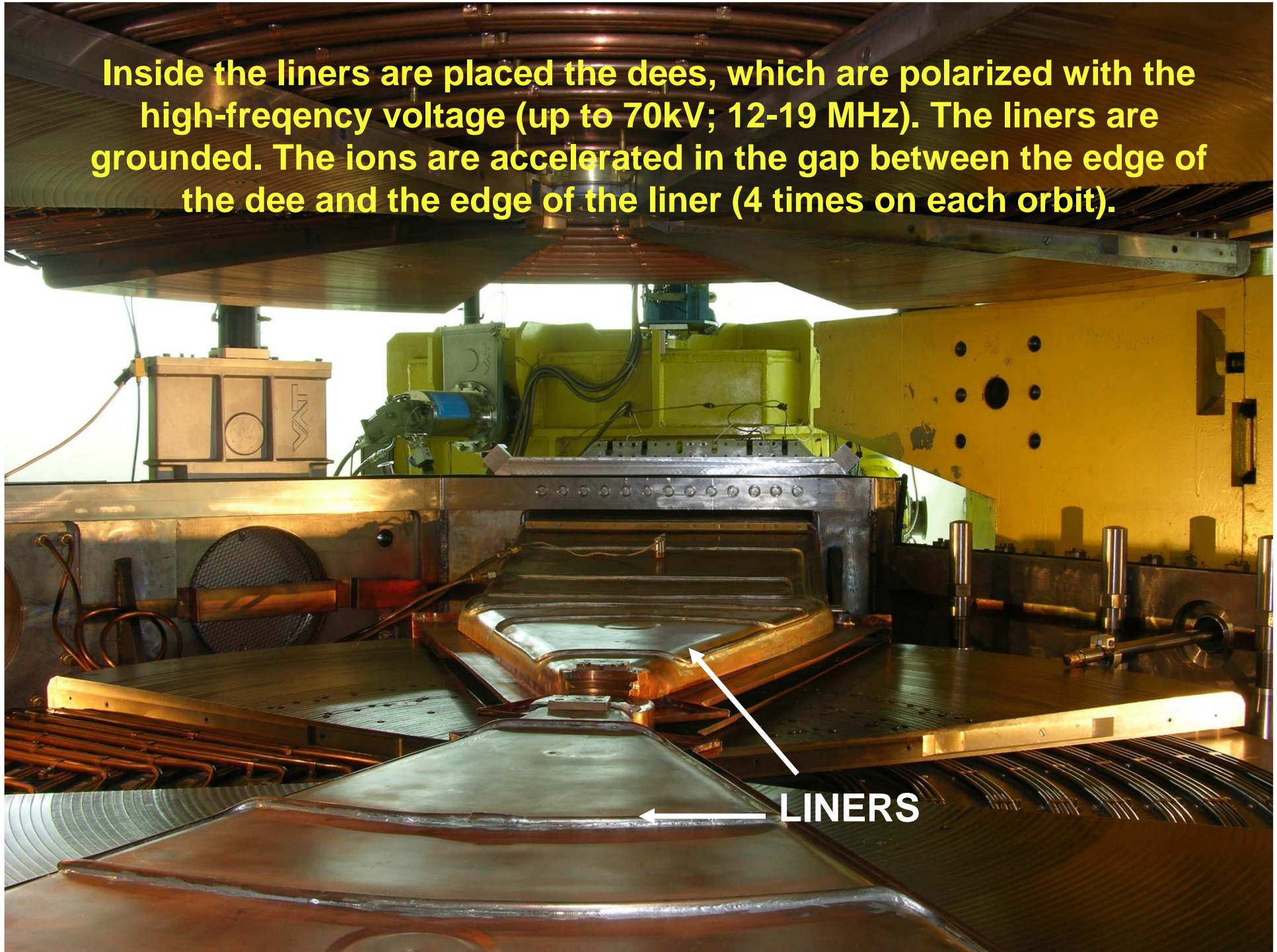
# Thomas force

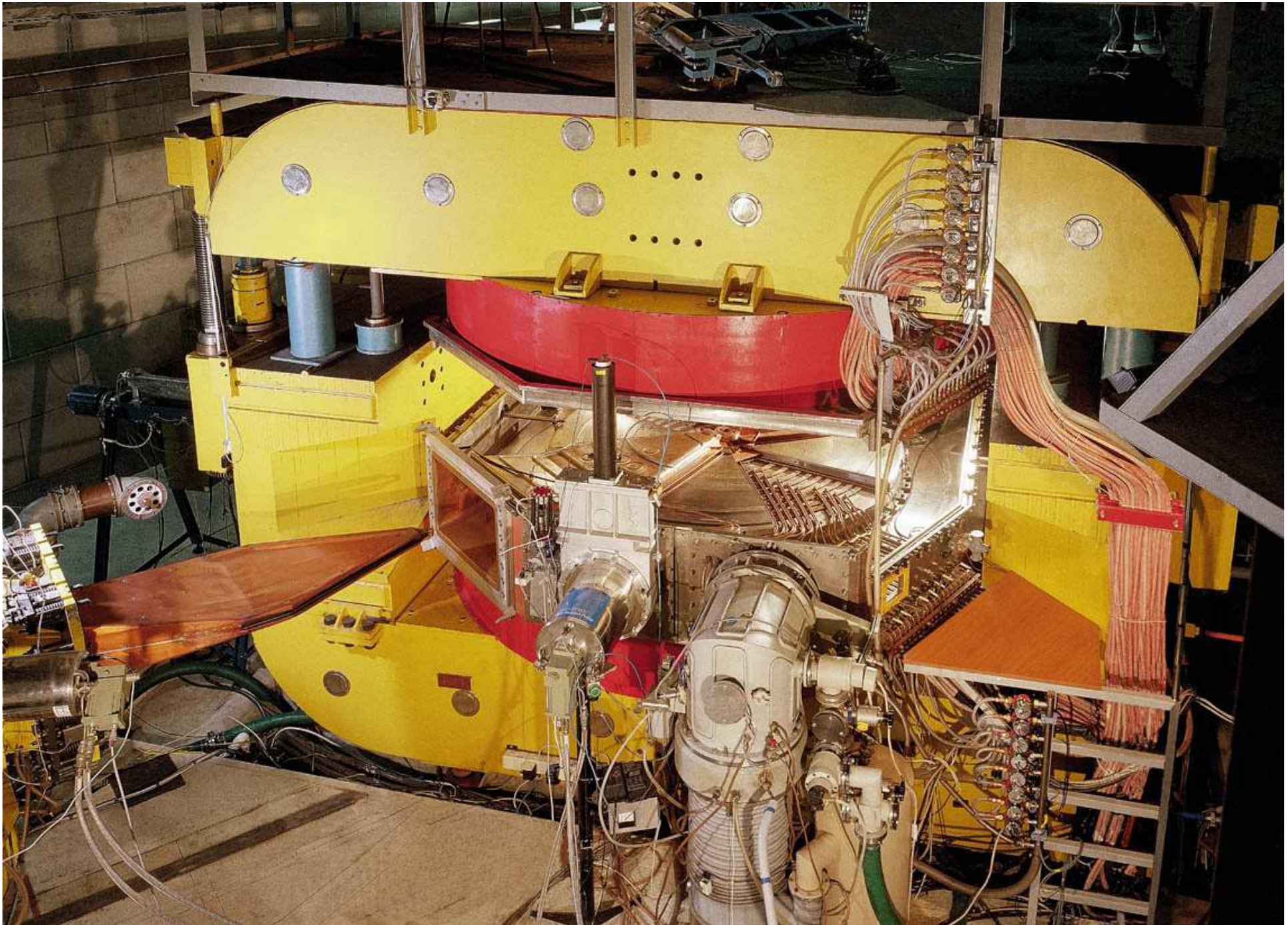


# Thomas force

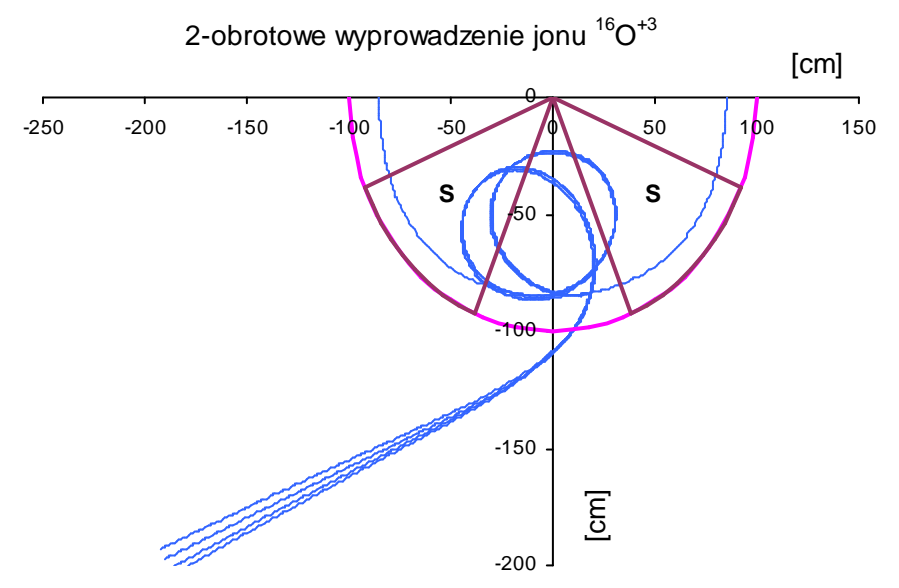
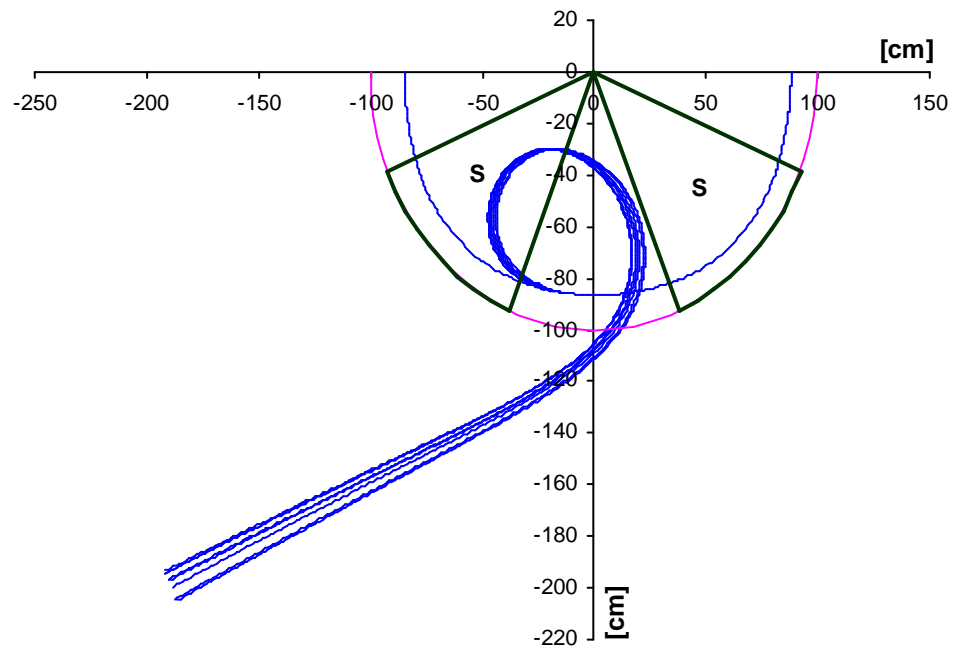


Inside the liners are placed the dees, which are polarized with the high-frequency voltage (up to 70kV; 12-19 MHz). The liners are grounded. The ions are accelerated in the gap between the edge of the dee and the edge of the liner (4 times on each orbit).

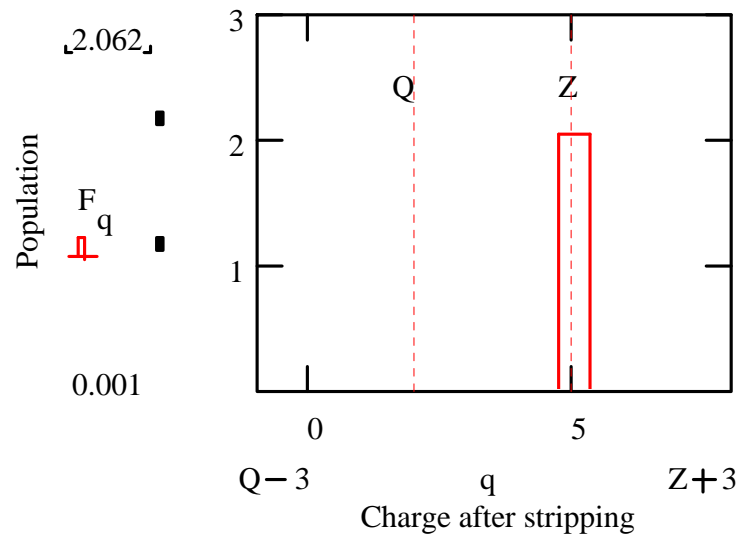




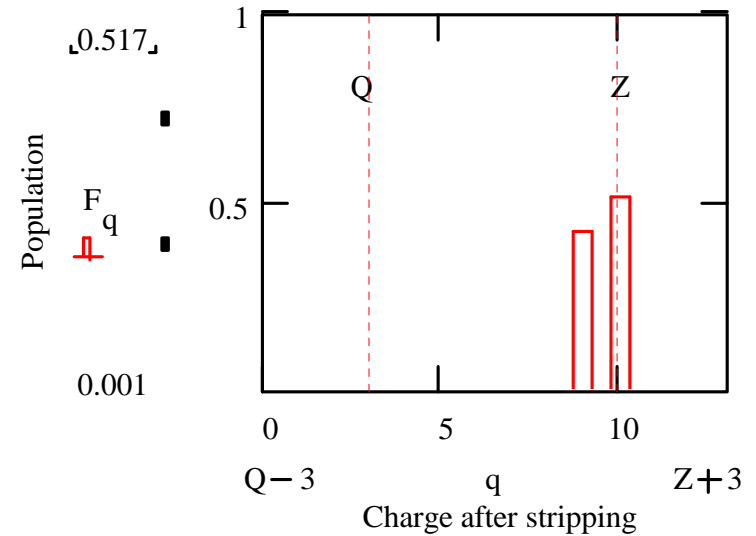
# Extraction – stripper



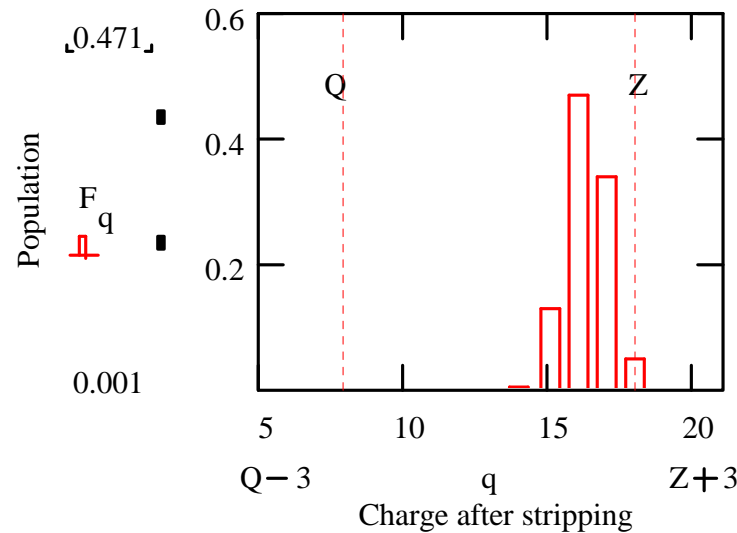
# Dependence of the charge state population after stripping on the ion mass number A



$A=10, Z=5, Q=2,$   
 $E=5 \text{ MeV/A}$



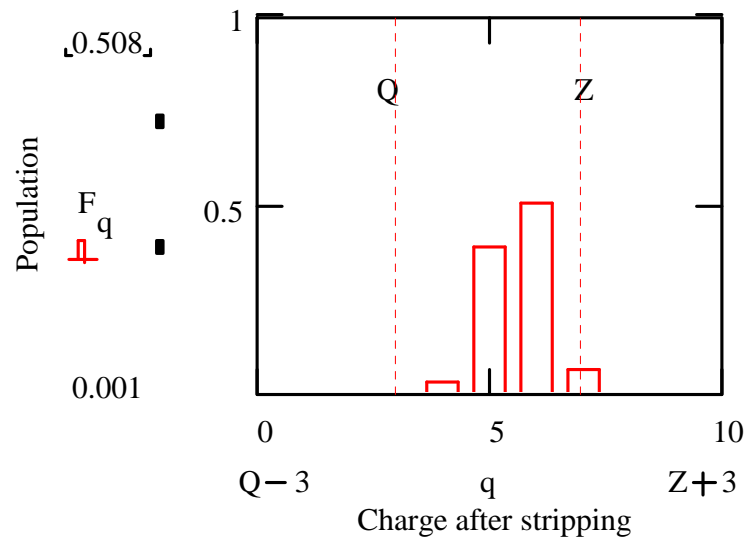
$A=20, Z=10, Q=3,$   
 $E=5 \text{ MeV/A}$



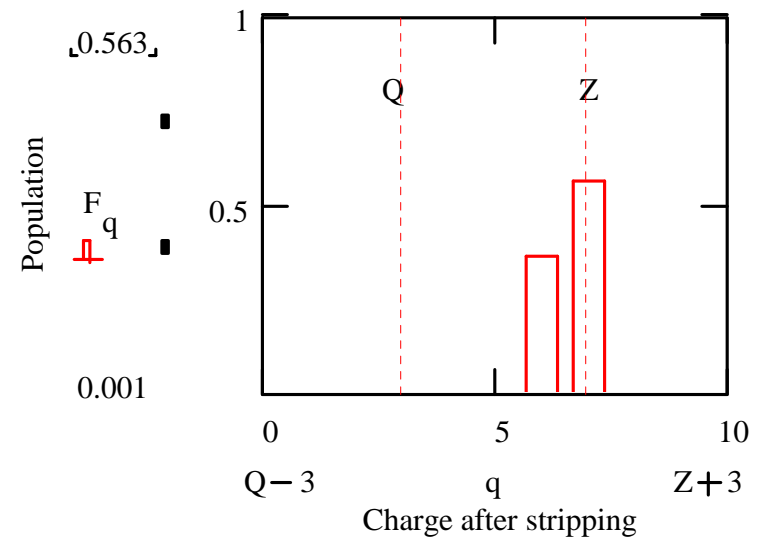
$A=40, Z=18, Q=8,$   
 $E=5 \text{ MeV/A}$



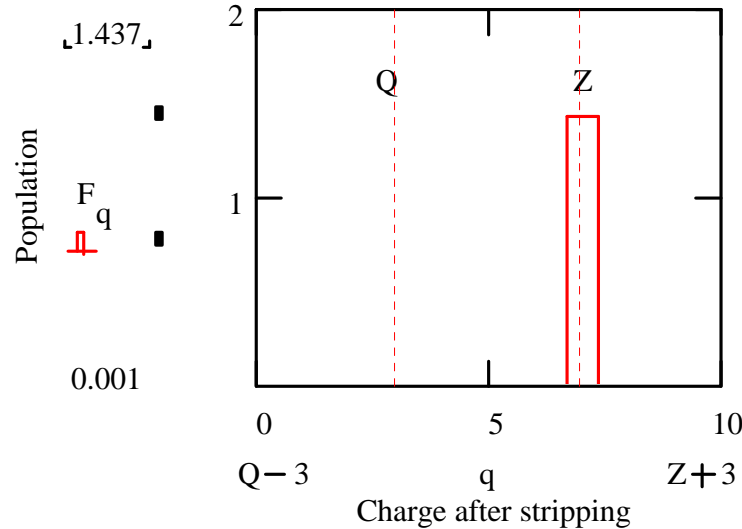
# Dependence of the charge state population after stripping on the ion energy



$A=14, Z=7, Q=3,$   
 $E=1 \text{ MeV/A}$

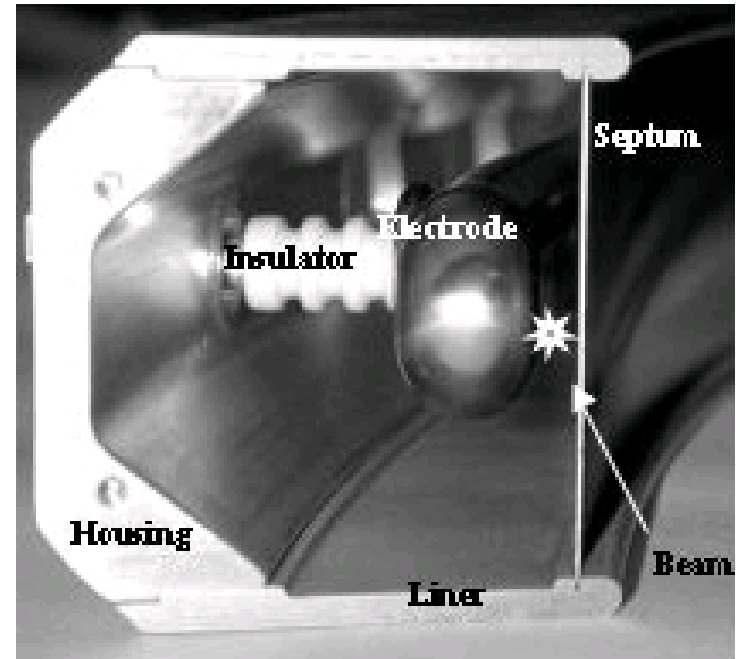
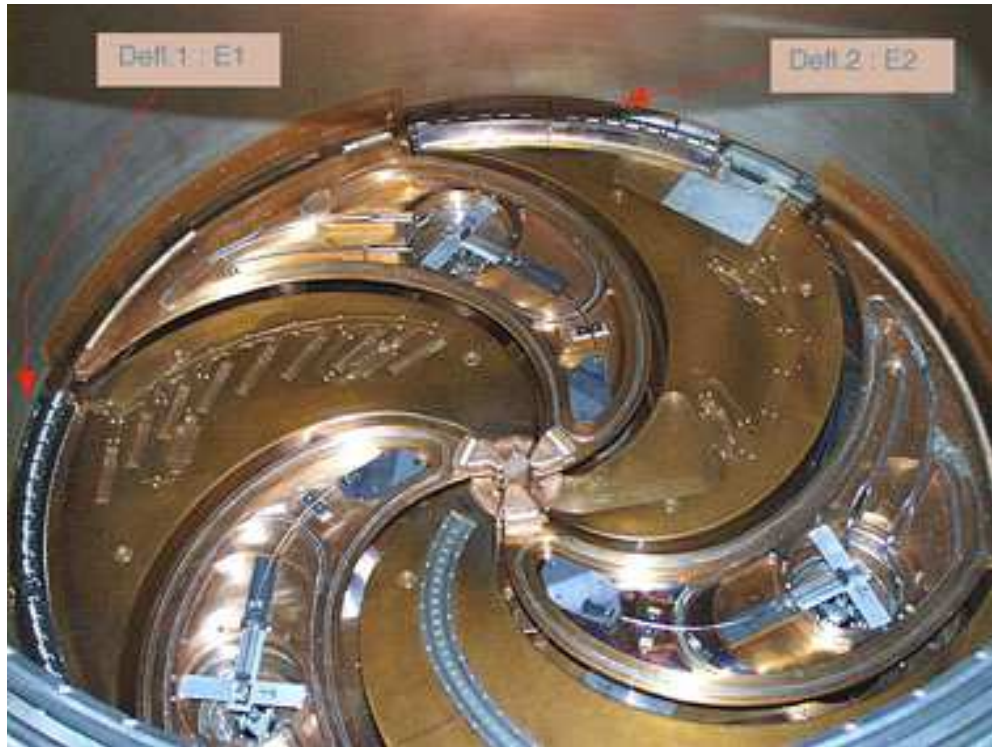


$A=14, Z=7, Q=3,$   
 $E=3 \text{ MeV/A}$



$A=14, Z=7, Q=3,$   
 $E=6 \text{ MeV/A}$

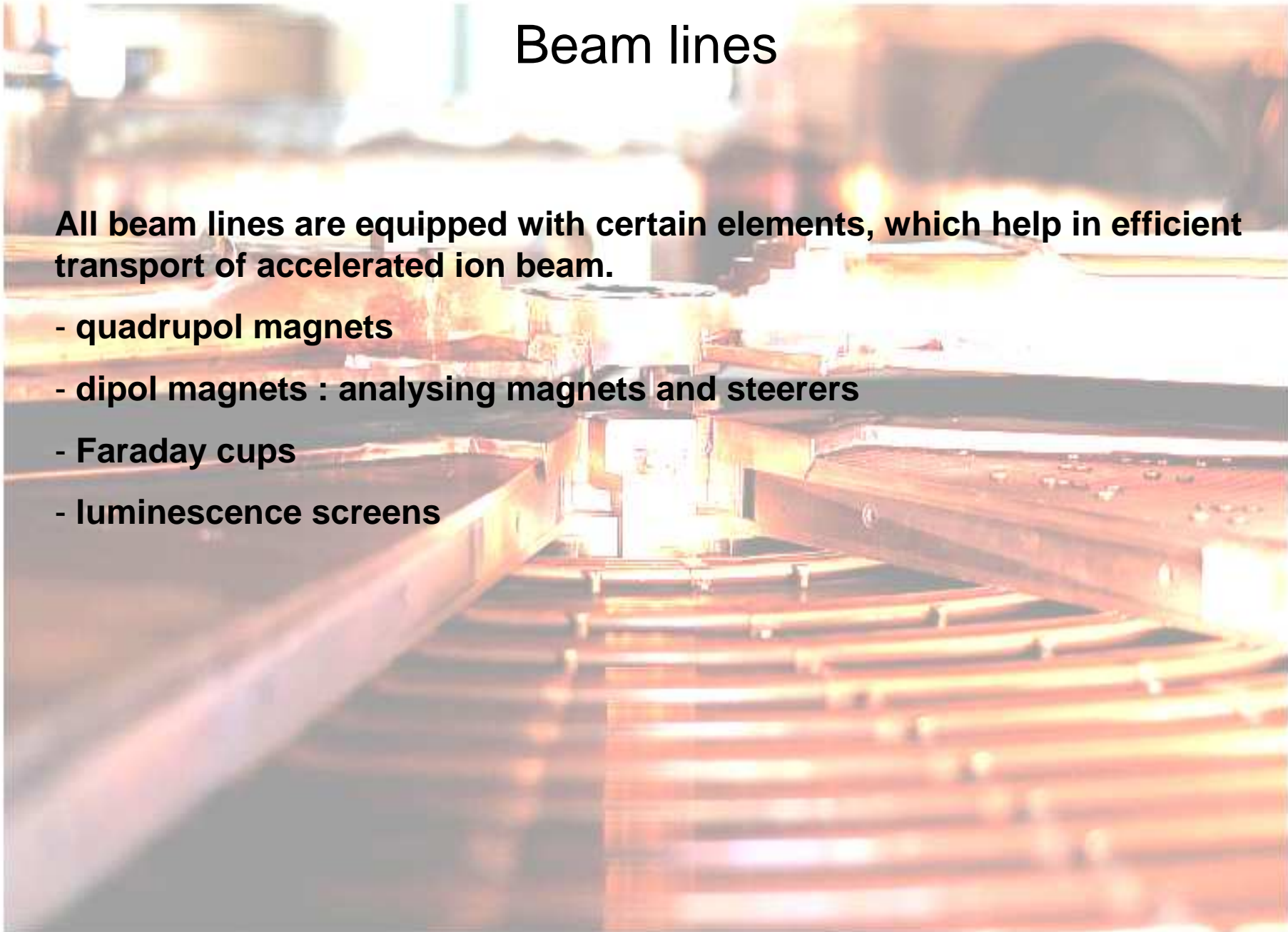
# Extraction – electrostatic deflector



# Beam lines

All beam lines are equipped with certain elements, which help in efficient transport of accelerated ion beam.

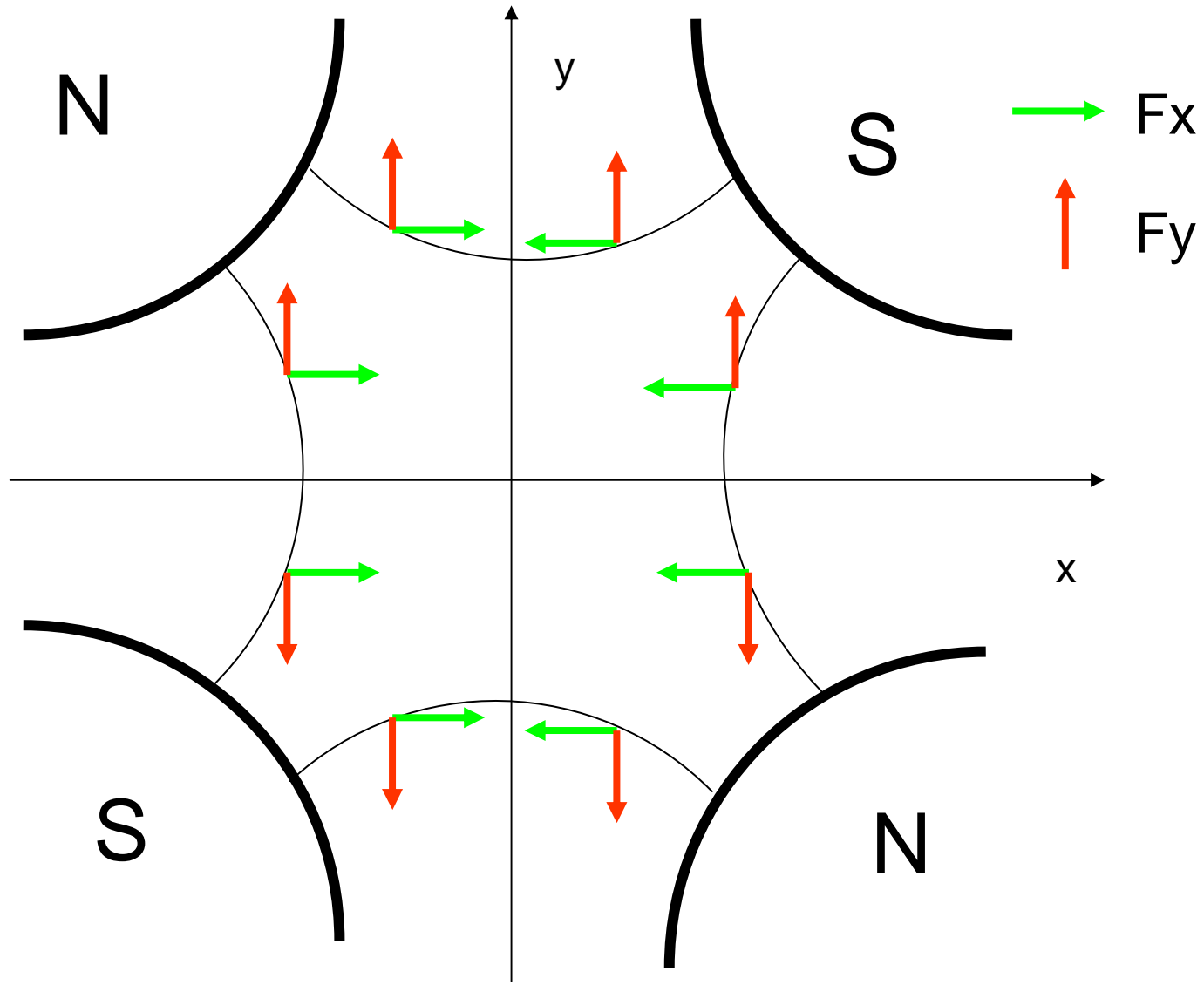
- quadrupol magnets
- dipol magnets : analysing magnets and steerers
- Faraday cups
- luminescence screens



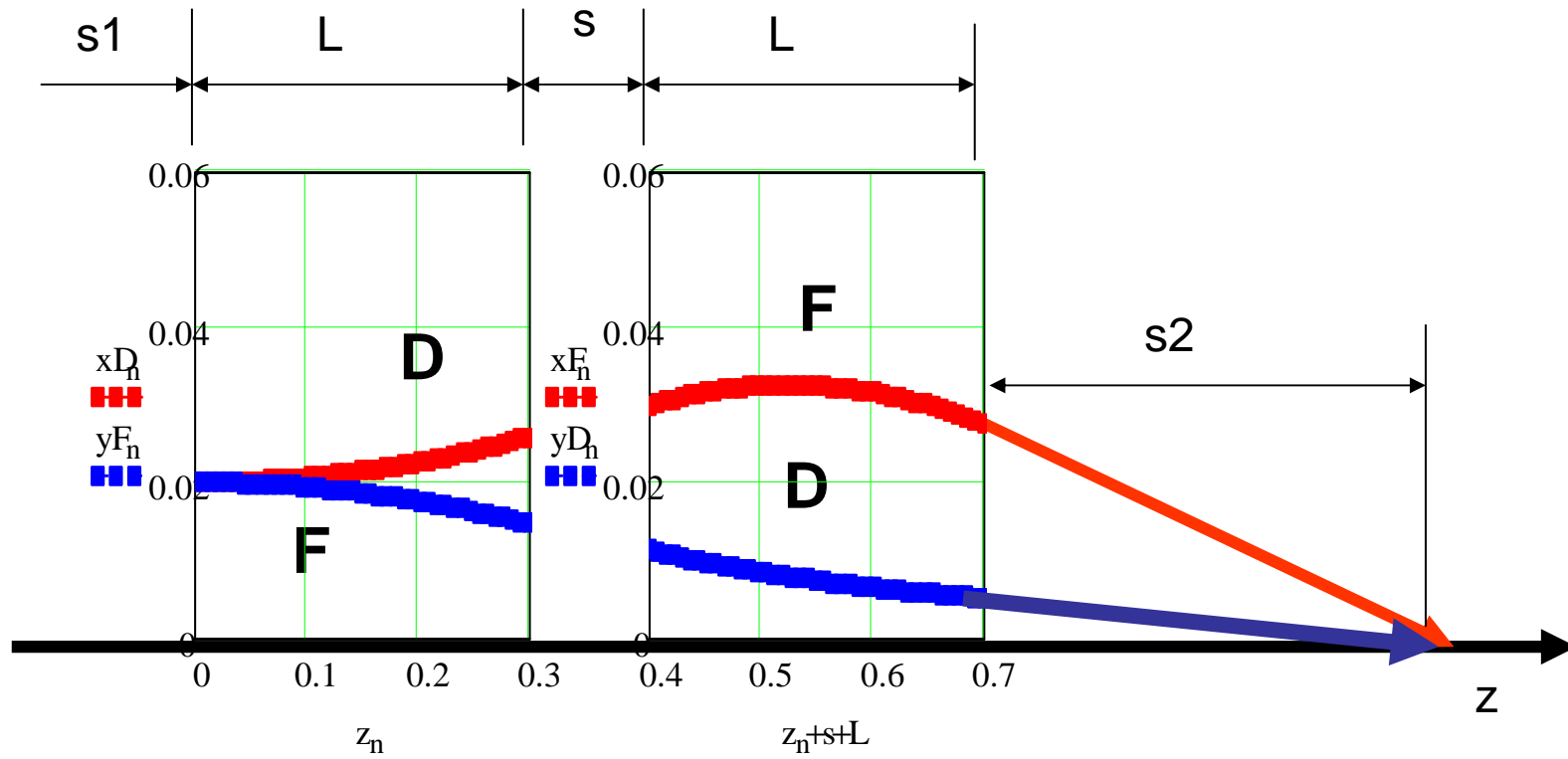
# Quadrupol magnet



# Quadrupol magnet



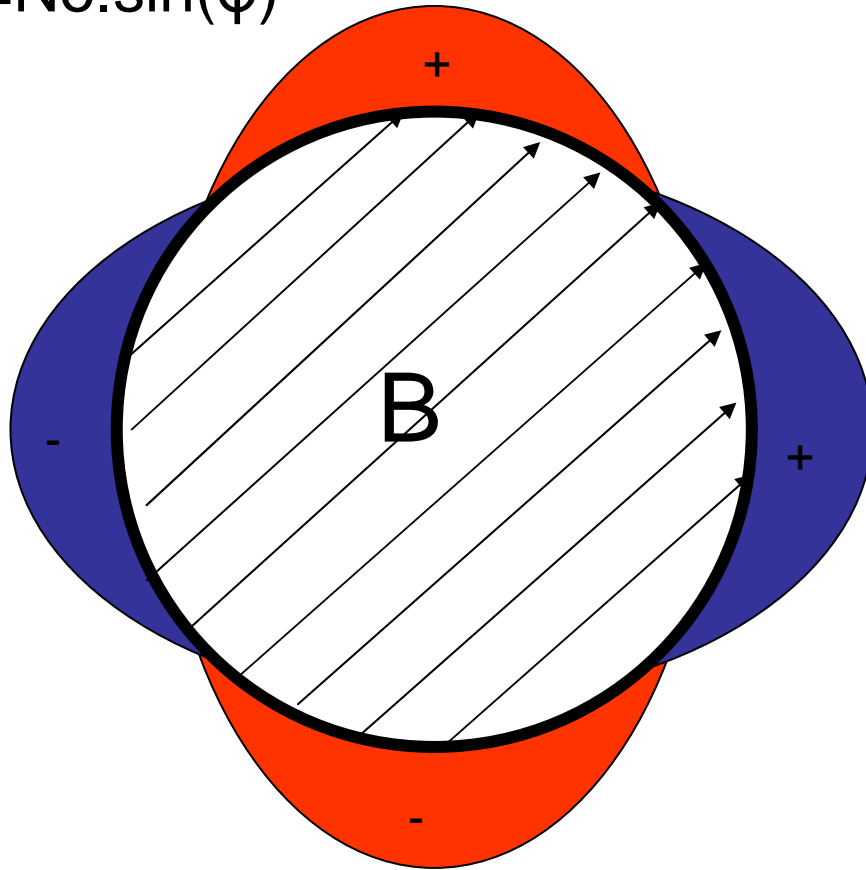
# Quadrupol magnet



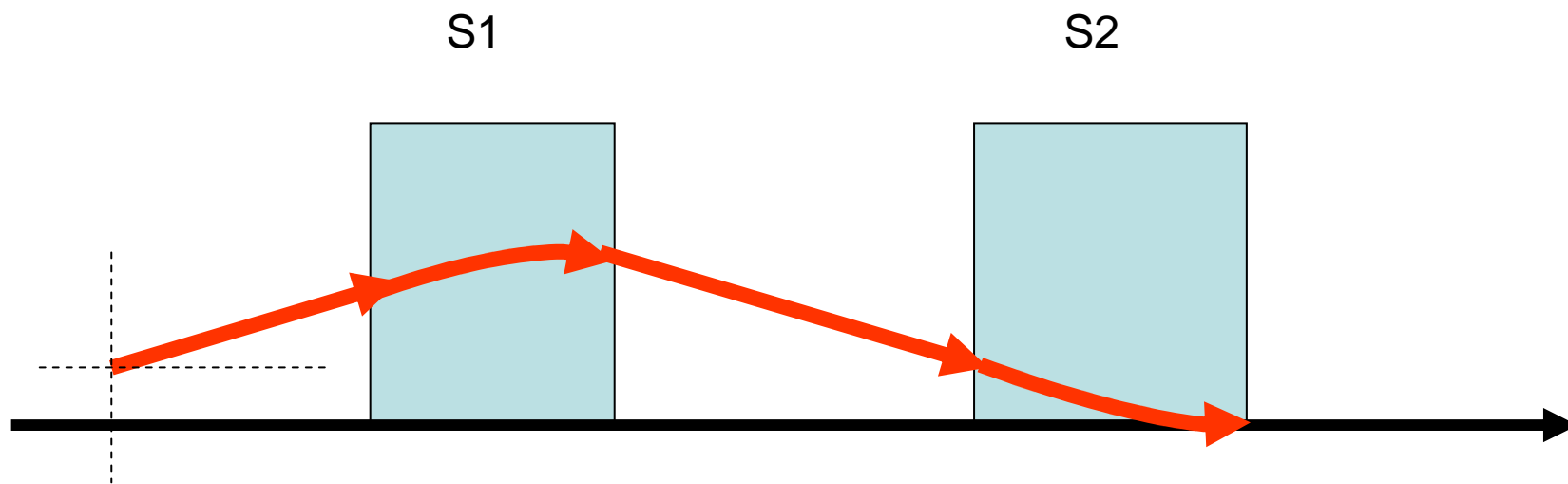
# Dipol magnet - steerer

$$N1 = N_0 \cdot \cos(\varphi)$$

$$N2 = N_0 \cdot \sin(\varphi)$$

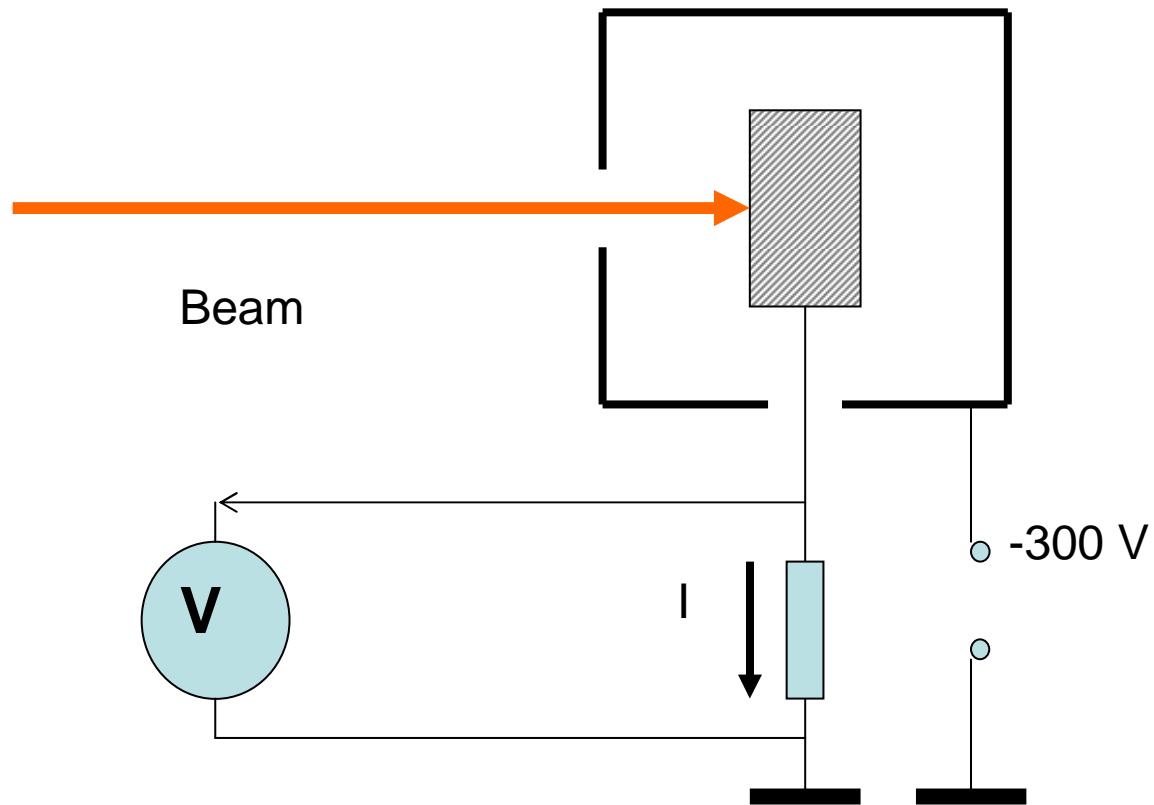


# Dipol magnet - steerer

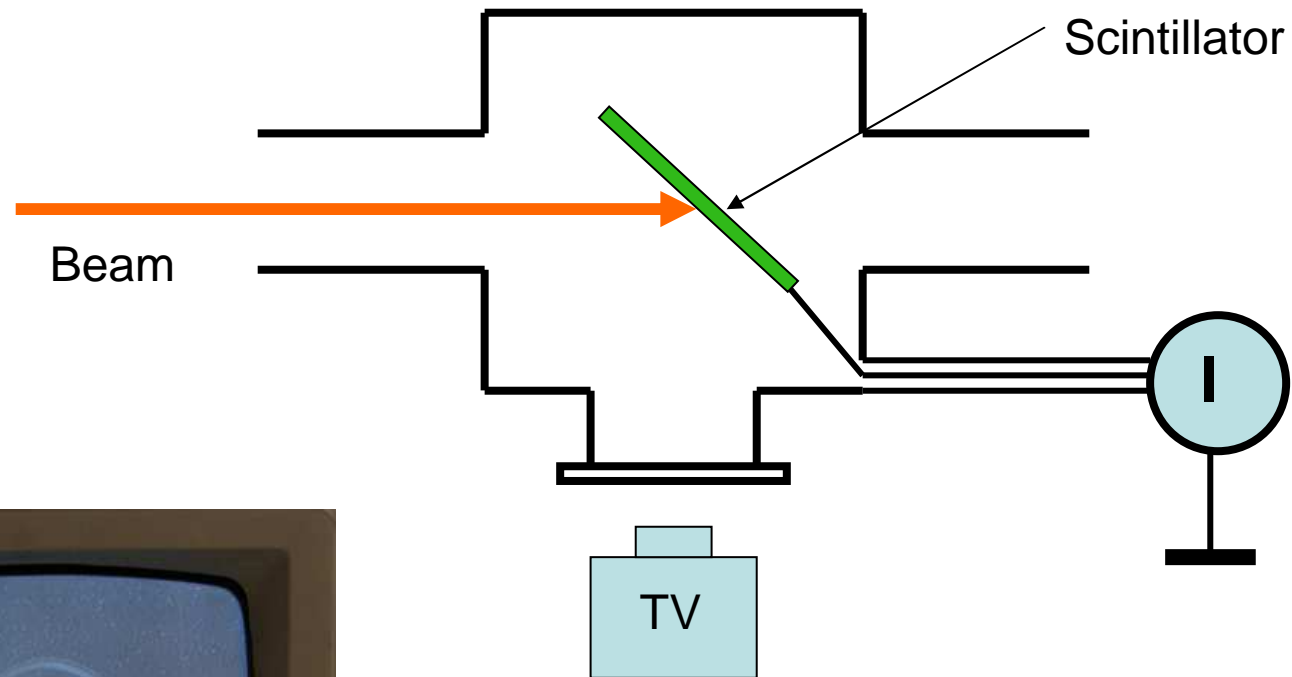


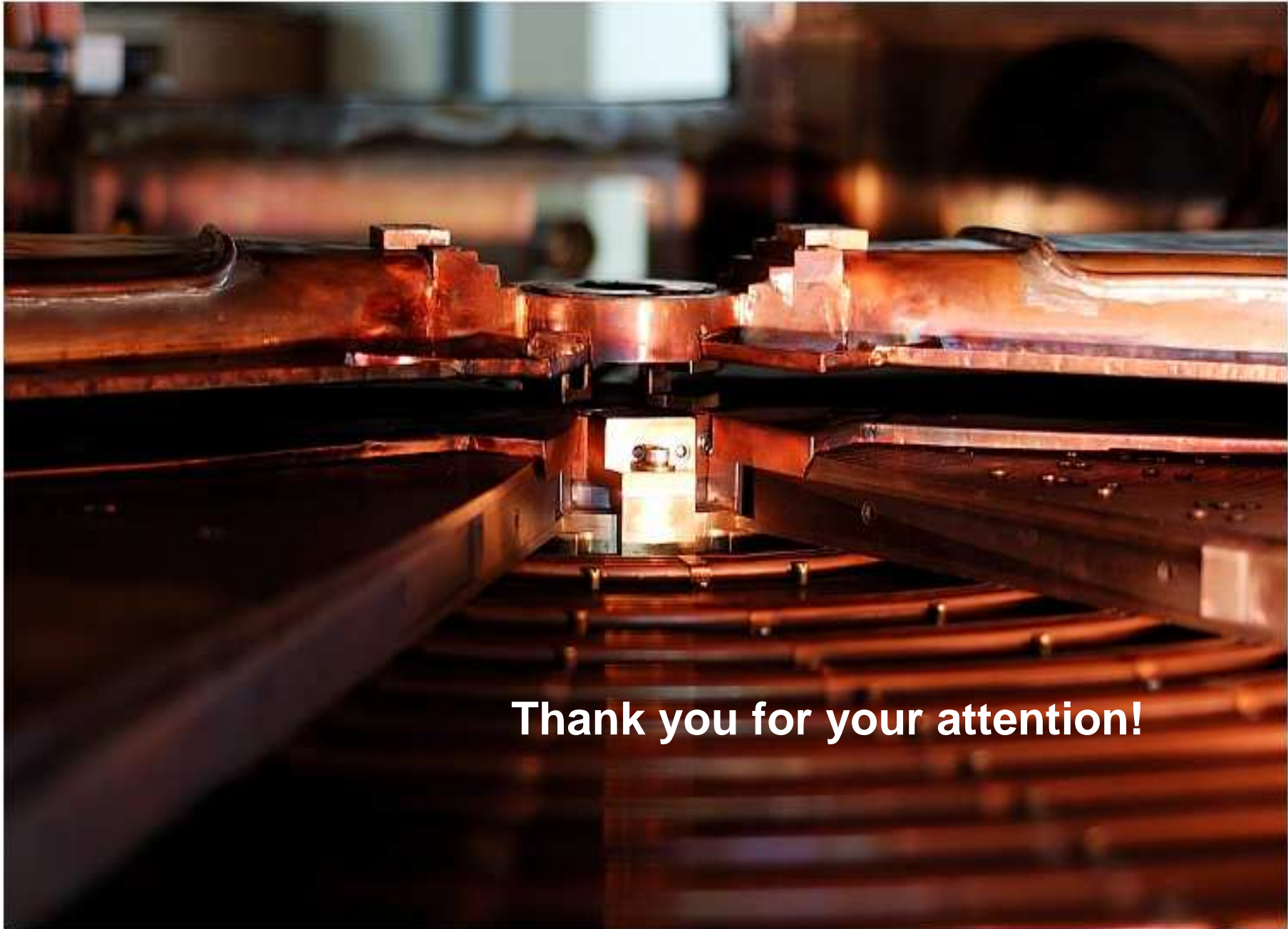


# Beam diagnostic – Faraday cup



# Beam diagnostic - „luminescence”





**Thank you for your attention!**